CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

APPLICATION NUMBER: NDA 20646

CHEMISTRY REVIEW(S)

DIVISION OF NEUROPHARMACOLOGICAL DRUG PRODUCTS Review of Chemistry, Manufacturing, and Controls

CDER DATE ASSIGNED DATE DOCUMENT DATE SUBMISSION TYPE: 17-NOV-95 03-NOV-95 07-NOV-95 **ORIGINAL** 15-MAR-96 14-MAR-96 15-MAR-96 Amendment 27-MAR-96 28-MAR-96 28-MAR-96 Amendment 04-MAR-96 05-APR-96 03-APR-96 Amendment 06-APR-96 OS-APR-OS Amendment 08-APR-96 15-APR-08 12-APR-96 15-APR-96 Amendment 17-MAY-96 17-MAY-96 16-MAY-96 Amendment 05-JUN-96 05-JUN-96 04-JUN-96 Amendment 19-JUL-96 19-JUL-98 Amendment 18-1111-06 20-AUG-96 19-4116-06 20-AUG-98 Amendment 27-AUG-96 27-AUG-96 23-AUG-96 Amendment

CHEM.REVIEW # 7

NAME & ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

NDA #: 20-646

Abbott Laboratories 100 Abbott Park Road Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500

DRUG PRODUCT NAME

Proprietary:

Nonproprietary/USAN:

Code Name/#:

Chem.Type/Ther.Class:

PHARMACOL.CATEGORY/INDICATION:

DOSAGE FORM: STRENGTHS:

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

DISPENSED:

GABITRIL®

Tiagabine Hydrochloride Abbott-70569.HCI

GABA uptake inhibitor

Adjunctive therapy for partial seizures w/wo

REVIEW DATE: 22-JUL-96

secondary generalization

Tablets

4 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg & 20 mg

Oral

XXXXX Rx___ OTC

CHEMICAL NAME. STRUCTURAL FORMULA, MOLECULAR FORMULA, MOLECULAR WEIGHT:

(R)-(-)-1-[4,4-bis(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-butenyl]-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid hydrochioride

C₂₀H₂₅NO₂S₂.HCl; Molecular Weight: 412.0:

CAS #: 115103-54-3

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS: IND

RELATED DOCUMENTS: None

REMARKS/COMMENTS: The organization/disorganization of the application provides quite a

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS: Recommend the NDA 20-646

VMS 9/12/96

APPROVABLE subject to positive and acceptable response to observations and recommendations

cc: Orig. NDA 20-646

HFD-120

HFD-120/WJRzeszotarski

HFD-120/JWares HFD-120/SWBlum

つ Init by:SWB

W. Janusz Rzeszotarski, Ph.D., Chemist

filename: N020646.000

DIVISION OF NEUROPHARMACOLOGICAL DRUG PRODUCTS Review of Chemistry, Manufacturing, and Controls

NDA # 20-646

CHEM.REVIEW # 2

REVIEW DATE: 09-JUN-97

SUBMISSION TYPE:

DOCUMENT DATE

Amendment

31-MAR-97

CDER DATE 01-APR-97

ASSIGNED DATE

Amendment

05-JUN-97

02-APR-97

09-JUN-97

09-JUN-97

NAME & ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Abbott Laboratories 100 Abbott Park Road Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500

DRUG PRODUCT NAME

Proprietary:

Nonproprietary/USAN:

Code Name/#:

Chem.Type/Ther.Class:

GABITRIL®

Tiagabine Hydrochloride

Abbott-70569.HCI

GABA uptake inhibitor

PHARMACOL.CATEGORY/INDICATION:

Adjunctive therapy for partial seizures w/wo

secondary generalization

DOSAGE FORM:

STRENGTHS:

Tablets

Oral

4 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg & 20 mg

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: DISPENSED:

XXXXX Rx OTC

CHEMICAL NAME, STRUCTURAL FORMULA, MOLECULAR FORMULA, **ECULAR WEIGHT:**

(R)-(-)-1-[4,4-bis(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-butenyl]-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid hydrochloride

CAS #: 115103-54-3

COOH =СНСЊСЊ-Ν

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS: IND **RELATED DOCUMENTS: None**

C₂₀H₂₅N0₂S₂.HCl; Molecular Weight: 412.0;

REMARKS/COMMENTS: A response to approvable letter of 31-OCT-9. The CMC deficiencies have been addressed satisfactory except for the disputed levels of degradants.

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS: Recommend the NDA 20-646, as amended, APPROVABLE subject to conclusive negotiation of degradants levels.

Orig. NDA 20-646

HFD-120

RFD-120/WJRzeszotarski

HFD-120/JWare

HFD-120/SWBlum

Init by:SWB

W. Janusz Rzeszotarski, Ph.D., Chemist

filename: c:\wpfiles\N20646a.001

DIVISION OF NEUROPHARMACOLOGICAL DRUG PRODUCTS Review of Chemistry, Manufacturing, and Controls

NDA #: 20-646

CHEM.REVIEW # 3

REVIEW DATE: 23-SEP-97

SUBMISSION TYPE:

DOCUMENT DATE

CDER DATE

ASSIGNED DATE

GC

01-AUG-97 21-AUG-97

xx-xxx-97 xx-xxx-97

xx-xxx-97 xx-xxx-97

GC GC

19-SEP-97

xx-xxx-97

xx-xxx-97

NAME & ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Abbott Laboratories 100 Abbott Park Road Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500

- DRUG PRODUCT NAME

Proprietary:

Nonproprietary/USAN:

Code Name/#:

Chem.Type/Ther.Class:

GABITRIL®

Tiagabine Hydrochloride

Abbott-70569.HCI

GABA uptake inhibitor

PHARMACOL.CATEGORY/INDICATION:

Adjunctive therapy for partial seizures w/wo

secondary generalization

DOSAGE FORM:

STRENGTHS:

4 mg, 12 mg, 16 mg & 20 mg

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

RELATED DOCUMENTS: None

DISPENSED:

Oral XXXXX Rx OTC

CHEMICAL NAME, STRUCTURAL FORMULA, MOLECULAR FORMULA, **LECULAR WEIGHT:**

(14)-(-)-1-[4,4-bis(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-butenyl]-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid

hydrochloride

C₂₀H₂₅NO₂S₂.HCl; Molecular Weight: 412.0; SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS: IND

CAS #: 115103-54-3

CH .HCI C=CHCH,CH₂-N CH

.COOH

REMARKS/COMMENTS: The responses to Requests for Information. The continuing issue of the level of degradants that should be qualified prior to submission of the application (an issue beyond the scope of chemistry review).

Tablets

CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS: Recommend the NDA 20-646, as amended. APPROVED subject to careful degradant in the commercial batches. monitoring of

. NDA 20-646

. D-120

HFD-120/WJRzeszotarski

HFD-120A

HFD-120/MEGuzewska R/D Init by:MEG ,W. 9.23.97

filename: c:\wpfiles\N20646a.003

CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH APPLICATION NUMBER: NDA 20646

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND/OR FONSI

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

AND

FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

FOR

Tibex™
(Tiagabine Hydrochloride)
Tablets

NDA 20-646

ABBOTT LABORATORIES

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

DIVISION OF NEUROPHARMACOLOGICAL DRUG PRODUCTS (HFD-120)

FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

NDA 20-646

Tibex

(Tiagabine Hydrochloride)

Tablets

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) requires all Federal agencies to assess the environmental impact of their actions. FDA is required under NEPA to consider the environmental impact of approving certain drug product applications as an integral part of its regulatory process.

The Food and Drug Administration, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, has carefully considered the potential environmental impact of this action and has concluded that this action will not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment and that an environmental impact statement therefore will not be prepared.

In support of their new drug application for Tibex Tablets, Abbott Laboratories prepared an environmental assessment (attached) in accordance with [21 CFR 25.31a(a), which evaluates the potential environmental impact of the manufacture, use and disposal of the product. The maximum expected environmental concentration is at a level that normally relieves the applicant from completing format items 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 15 in accordance with the tier 0 approach specified in the "Guidance for Industry for the Submission of an Environmental Assessment in Human Drug Applications and Supplements."

Tiagabine Hydrochloride is a chemically synthesized drug administered as adjunctive therapy for partial seizures with and without secondary generalization. The drug substance will be manufactured by Abbott Laboratories Limited, Queensborough, Kent, United Kingdom. The Drug Product will be manufactured by Abbott

Laboratories, Abbott Park, Illinois and Abbott Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Cruce Davilla, Barceloneta, Puerto Rico. The finished drug product will be used in hospitals, clinics and by patients in their homes.

Tiagabine Hydrochloride may enter the environment from excretion by patients, from disposal of pharmaceutical waste or from emissions from manufacturing sites.

Disposal of the drug may result from out of specification lots, discarding of unused or expired product, and user disposal of empty or partly used product and packaging. Returned or out-of-specification drug substance and rejected or returned drug product will be disposed of at a licensed incineration or landfill facility. At U.S. hospitals and clinics, empty or partially empty packages will be disposed of according to hospital/clinic regulations. From home use, empty or partially empty containers will typically be disposed of by a community's solid waste management system that may include landfills, incineration and recycling, while minimal quantities of unused drug may be disposed of in the sewer system.

The Center for Drug Evaluation and Research has concluded that the product can be manufactured, used and disposed of without any expected adverse environmental effects. Precautions taken at the sites of manufacture of the bulk product and its final formulation are expected to minimize occupational exposures and environmental release. Adverse effects are not anticipated upon endangered or threatened species or upon property listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

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PREPARED BY

Carl J. Berninger, Ph.D.
Environmental Scientist
Environmental Assessment Team
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

9/19/96

CONCURRED

Nancy B. Sager

Team Leader

Environmental Assessment Team

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

Attachments:

Environmental Assessment (FOI copy)

Material Safety Data Sheet (drug substance)

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ON ORIGINAL

NDA SUBSECTION 3.6

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Tiagabine Hydrochloride Tablets

Abbott Laboratories
One Hundred Abbott Park Road
Abbott Park, Illinois 60064

The National Environmental Policy Act requires Environmental Assessments (EAs) to be public documents. NDA subsections 3.6.1 through 3.6.15 (i.e., Items 1 through 15 of this EA) and accompanying Appendix A (from Subsection 3.6.15) are suitable for public disclosure. These nonconfidential subsections, as applicable under CDER's guidance for industry for the submission of EAs, and Appendix A are complete with the exception of proprietary information. The proprietary information, which is contained in Appendix B could be beneficial to competitors and therefore, must remain confidential. The text of the public document (Subsections 3.6.1 through 3.6.15 and Appendix A) is based on the text of Appendix B. Appendix B is intended for review as the confidential version of EA Items 1 through 15. Appendix A contains Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) information.

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REDACTIONS MADE BY APPLICANT

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	APPENDIX B - PROPRIETARY INFORMATION FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT OF TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE

3.6.1 **DATE**

October 15, 1995 (Amended February 22, 1996; July 30, 1996)

3.6.2 NAME OF APPLICANT

Abbott Laboratories

3.6.3 ADDRESS

100 Abbott Park Road Abbott Park, Illinois 60064

3.6.4 **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED ACTION**

3.6.4.1 **REOUESTED APPROVAL**

Approval of NDA 20-646 is sought for the manufacturing of tiagabine hydrochloride bulk drug substance and the manufacture, packaging, distribution and use of the product designated in the Environmental Assessment (EA) as tiagabine hydrochloride tablets containing one of the following concentrations of tiagabine hydrochloride: 4, 12, 16, and 20 mg. Abbott Laboratories is submitting an NDA pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for tiagabine hydrochloride tablets packaged in high density polyethylene bottles (two sizes) and in two types of blister/foil packages. An EA is herewith submitted in accordance with 21 CFR § 25.31a(a) and has been amended in accordance with the recent CDER guidance to industry. All Items (1 through 15) that are presented in this section are also discussed in the confidential Appendix B.

3.6.4.2 **NEED FOR ACTION**

Tiagabine hydrochloride is a potent and specific inhibitor of gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) uptake into glial and neuronal elements in vitro. GABA - mediated inhibitory systems have an important role in the regulation of seizure activity. Enhancement of GABA-mediated inhibition has an anticonvulsant effect. The indication and usage of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets proposed in this NDA is for the management of

seizure disorders and epilepsy, specifically as adjunctive therapy for partial seizures with or without secondary generalization.

3.6.4.3 LOCATIONS OF MANUFACTURE

Three locations are involved in the manufacture of this product (Figure 3.6.4-1).

Approval is sought to manufacture the bulk drug substance at the following location: Abbott Laboratories Limited, Queenborough, Kent ME11 5EL, United Kingdom.

Approval is also sought to manufacture, package, and distribute the tablets at two locations:

- (1) Abbott Laboratories, 100 Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, Illinois 60064, and
- (2) Abbott Pharmaceuticals, Inc., KM 58.0 Carretera 2, Cruce Davila, Barceloneta, Puerto Rico 00617

All packaging operations are carried out at these two drug product manufacturing facilities. Information concerning all three manufacturing sites is provided in Section 3.6.6 (Introduction Of Substances Into The Environment).

3.6.4.4 LOCATIONS OF USE AND DISPOSAL

As medication prescribed to alleviate the symptoms of seizure disorders and epilepsy, the tablets in which tiagabine hydrochloride is present will be ingested by patients throughout the United States. Tiagabine hydrochloride and its metabolites will be excreted from the human body in urine and feces and will be discharged through a domestic sewer into the municipal sewer systems and then into wastewater treatment plants (WTP).

Tiagabine hydrochloride does not fall under the US Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Hazardous Waste Definition, and therefore can be disposed of in an approved landfill or incinerator. Rejected off specification lots of bulk drug substance or drug product (tiagabine hydrochloride tablets) from Abbott Park will be sent to one of a number of alternative contractors for incineration which are: Aptus, 11600 N. Aptus Road, Argonite, Utah 84029, Permit No. UTD981552177 and Hwy. 169 North, Coffeyville, Kansas 67337,

Permit No. KSD 981506025; and Long Beach Recycling & Rec., 70 Water Street, Long Beach, New York 11561, Permit No. 9360595556. This listing is not all inclusive and is dynamic in the fact that companies are added and subtracted for various reasons (e.g. service and cost, etc.). There are no expiration dates on the licenses for these solids incineration facilities. These materials could also be disposed of in a land-fill (Waste Management of Wisconsin, 19414 60th Street, Bristol, Wisconsin 53104). Landfilling at this location is permitted by the state of Wisconsin, Department of Natural Resources (Permit No. 3062, Expiration date: 9/30/95). Unused drug products (tiagabine hydrochloride tablets past their labeled expiration date) will be returned to Abbott Park where they will be accumulated, classified (as appropriate), and sent off-site for disposal as nonhazardous solid waste to the landfill or the incinerators listed above.

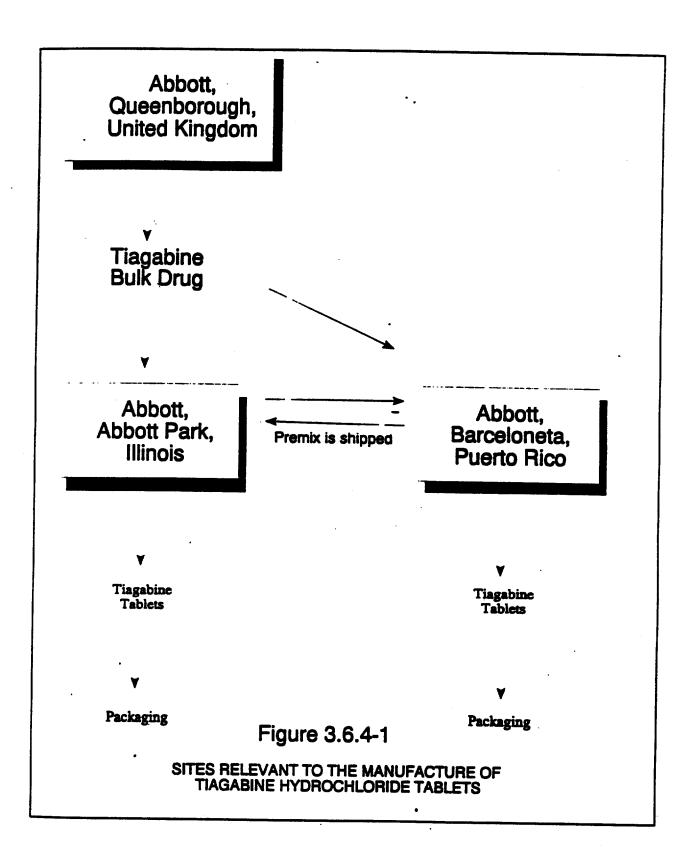
Rejected off specification lots of bulk substance or drug product from the Barceloneta facility will be sent to an approved medical waste incinerator, which is currently Chambers Medical Technologies of South Carolina Inc., 100 Nix Street, Hampton, South Carolina 28924 (Permit No.'s #1280-0021CD, 1280-0021CE, 1280-0021CF, and 1280-0021CG). There is no expiration date on the licenses for this incineration facility. Disposal service is contracted through Environmental Healthcare Incorporated, P.O. Box 2286; Delray Beach, Florida 33447.

3.6.4.5 **ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING OF FACILITIES**

3.6.4.5.1 Abbott Laboratories, Oueenborough, United Kingdom

The bulk drug is manufactured at Abbott Laboratories Limited, Queenborough, United Kingdom. The production facilities of Abbott U.K. are situated on the north edge of Queenborough on the Isle of Sheppey, Kent. The Isle is on the south coast of the Thames Estuary approximately sixty miles east of London. The site elevation is approximately zero to three meters above mean sea level. The site includes 146 acres of land, 60 acres of which is currently utilized and topographically flat. To the west lies the Swale which borders the site. The tidal zone is a special site of scientific interest (SSSI) which is also owned by Abbott. To the north lies an automobile transporter compound

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Storage area and docks development. The east side of the site is bordered by the Queenborough by-pass and property owned by Abbott dissected by the Whiteway Road. Queenborough lies to the south/southeast of the facility. The climate is mild and the predominant prevailing wind is from the southwest. The temperature range is approximately -5°C to 35°C. Both water supply and industrial wastewater treatment are undertaken by Southern Water plc. No ground waste is abstracted and the underlying geology is London Clay. The land use around is a mixture of industrial, agricultural and residential. The area falls under control of the Swale Borough Council and Kent County Council (Appendix B).

3.6.4.5.2 Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, Illinois

The properties of Abbott Laboratories are located within Lake County, Illinois. The Abbott Park property is located approximately five miles to the west of Lake Michigan. There are no other significant geographic features, such as mountains, lakes (aside from Lake Michigan) or rivers in proximity to the manufacturing site. The area is topographically flat and slopes very gently to the east, toward Lake Michigan. Drainage is dominantly to the east-southeast again toward the lake. Information on the geologic and hydrologic stratigraphy of the Chicago region is provided in Appendix B. The climate of northeastern Illinois is characterized by warm summers (74 to 94°F) and cold winters (20 to 32°F). The average annual rainfall is 32 inches; wind directions are highly variable.

Most industries and residences near the Abbott Park facility are served by the City of North Chicago municipal water supply. The source of the municipal water supply is Lake Michigan. The Abbott Park facility currently uses both municipal water and groundwater from onsite wells. Wastewater is sewered to the treatment facility of the North Shore Sanitary District. Land use (zoning) near the Abbott Park facility is primarily residential and industrial. The portion of Lake County in which it is located is part of the Chicago metropolitan area.

3.6.4.5.3 Abbott Laboratories, Barceloneta, Puerto Rico

The manufacturing site of Abbott Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Barceloneta, Puerto Rico, is situated in a mainly agricultural area. The flat land of this area has been devoted to pineapple growing and pasture for many decades. There are no significant geographic

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features, such as mountains, lakes, or rivers in proximity to the manufacturing facilities. During the 1970's several industrial plants were established nearby, most of which are engaged in pharmaceutical manufacturing (Maps of the area are provided in Appendix B). To date the agricultural and industrial uses (zoning) of land coexist in the region, though most of the land remains agricultural.

The climate of Puerto Rico, including the Barceloneta Region, is influenced by Puerto Rico's location in the Caribbean. Located approximately 10 degrees north latitude, it is situated in the belt of prevailing northeasterly tradewinds. The predominance of tradewinds results in little variability of wind direction. Puerto Rico's tropical climate also produces only a small range of temperature variation. Typically, the average summer and winter temperatures differ by less than 10 degrees Fahrenheit (°F). The average annual temperature is approximately 78°F. Precipitation varies widely over the island due to local meteorological effects. On an annual basis, Barceloneta receives between 50 and 60 inches of rain. Water for operations at the Abbott facility is supplied by three shallow wells. An artisan well also exists at the facility, but is not currently used. Wastewater is treated onsite. Treated effluent is piped to a facility of the Puerto Rico Aqueduct and Sewer Authority (PRASA) where it is treated further before being released 1.5 miles off the coast.

3.6.5 **IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCES THAT ARE THE SUBJECT OF**THE PROPOSED ACTION

The drug product, tiagabine hydrochloride, will be prepared and administered as tablets.

3.6.5.1 **NOMENCLATURE**

3.6.5.1.1 Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) and INN Name

CAS: (R)-(-)-1-[4,4-bis(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-butenyl]-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid, hydrochloride.

INN: R-(-)-1-[(4.4)-(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-butenyl]-3-piperidinecarboxylic acid, hydrochloride.

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3.6.5.1.2	United States Adopted Name (USAN)
	Tiagabine Hydrochloride
3.6.5.1.3	CAS Registry Number
	115103-54-3
3.6.5.1.4	Abbott Laboratory Codes
	A-70569-1, A-70569.HCl, ABT-569
3.6.5.1.5	Empirical Formula and Molecular Weight
	Empirical Formula: C ₂₀ H ₂₅ NO ₂ S ₂ ·HCl
	Molecular Weight: 412.02

HCI

Figure 3.6.5-1
Structure of Tiagabine Hydrochloride

3.6.5.2 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

In appearance, tiagabine hydrochloride is a white to off-white powder with essentially no detectable odor. Its chemical and physical properties are listed below. Tiagabine hydrochloride is most soluble in water (24 mg/mL) followed by organic solvents, among which it is most soluble in chloroform (12 mg/mL) and least soluble in n-heptane (<0.01 mg/mL). The log octanol and aqueous buffer partition coefficient for tiagabine hydrochloride at pH 7.0 is 1.6. The dissociation constants representing carboxylic acid functionality was found to be 3.3 (pK_a1) and the tertiary amine functionality was found to be 9.4 (pK_a2).

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Chemical and Physical Properties of Tiagabine Hydrochloride

Physical appearance: White to off-white powder with lumps and

essentially no odor

Melting point: 192-193°C Solubility in water: 24 mg/mL

Log octanol-aqueous buffer partition coeff.(log P): log P at pH 7.4 is 1.6

Dissociation Constants: $pK_{a1} = 3.3$; $pK_{a2} = 9.4$ Ultraviolet-Visible Adsorption

Spectrum: λ max at 256.4 nm with a shoulder at 280 nm

3.6.5.3 **IMPURITIES AND ADDITIVES**

Related impurities in tiagabine hydrochloride were found to be substantially below 1%. The constituents that are present in the formulated tablets are listed in Table I. The chemical nature of the majority of these components indicates their potential biodegradability after they are transformed in the human body and released into the environment.

Table I

Constituents in the Formulation for Tiagabine Hydrochloride Tablets Manufacture

Tiagabine HCl Tablet Pre-Mix:	35883
Tiagabine Hydrochloride	49462
Colloidal Silicon Dioxide, NF	17400
Cellulose, Microcrystalline, NF (Avicel PH 102)	19617
Acid, Ascorbic, USP	11450
Cellulose, Microcrystalline, NF (Avicel PH 101)	19615
Lactose, Anhydrous, NF	77216
Starch, Pregelatinized, NF	68511
Water, Purified, USP (Distilled) ¹	75146
Crospovidone, NF	21982
Colloidal Silicon Dioxide, NF	17400
Wax, Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil (Sterotex)	75452
Acid, Stearic, NF	12540
Magnesium Stearate, NF	43660 .
Water, Purified, USP (Distilled) ¹	75146
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose, 2910 USP, 15 cps	45506
Hydroxypropyl Cellulose, NF, Visc. of 10% H2O Solution:	68341
200-600 cps	
Titanium Dioxide, USP	72179
Water, Purified, USP (Distilled) ¹	75146
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose, 2910 USP, 15 cps	45506
Hydroxypropyl Cellulose, NF, Visc. of 10% H2O Solution:	68341
200-600 cps	
Titanium Dioxide, USP	<i>7</i> 21 <i>7</i> 9
4 mg:	
Dye, Yellow, D&C, No.10 Aluminum Lake, 14-17%	26392
12 mg:	
Dye, Yellow, D&C, No.10 Aluminum Lake, 14-17%	26392
Dye, Blue, D&C, No.1 Lake, 11-13%	25041
16 mg:	
Dye, Blue, D&C, No.2 Aluminum Lake, 11-14%	25050
20 mg:	
Dye, Red. FD&C, No.30 Aluminum Lake	2610 9
Removed during drying process or tablet coating.	

3.6.6 INTRODUCTION OF SUBSTANCES INTO THE ENVIRONMENT

3.6.6.1 MANUFACTURE OF THE BULK DRUG, TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE (Oueenborough, United Kingdom)

The production of the bulk drug tiagabine hydrochloride at this facility conforms to the environmental protection regulations which are mandated by Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Pollution (Environmental Protection Act of 1990). No proprietary intermediates are manufactured outside this site. The facility complies with all relevant legal requirements under Health and Safety At Work ETC ACT 1974 to protect worker occupational health and safety. The compliance letter is provided in Appendix B. Certificate of compliance with applicable emission requirements set forth in permits, as well as applicable emission requirements set forth in local and UK national statutes provided by the facility manager of Abbott Laboratories Limited is in Appendix B.

3.6.6.2 PREPARATION OF THE TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS (ABBOTT PARK, ILLINOIS)

3.6.6.2.1 Substances Emitted During Manufacturing

Atmospheric Emissions

The instructions for the manufacture of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets is described in Appendix B. A schematic of the manufacturing steps for tiagabine hydrochloride tablets is provided in Appendix B. Water is the only volatile solvent that will be used to prepare the tablets. The water will evaporate before the tablets are packaged. Emissions due to tiagabine hydrochloride tablet manufacturing are expected to be negligible based on the low production volume of the drug at this manufacturing facility.

During the manufacture, it is expected that some of the constituents of tablet manufacturing will be exhausted as particulate emissions. This exhausted material is treated by passing it through a high efficiency dust collector where the majority of the waste is captured in drums for disposal as solid waste (Appendix B).

Aqueous Wastes

Equipment will be handscraped to remove residual solids before being washed with water. The handscrapings are disposed of as solid waste. The washdown water, including room washdown, will be sewered into process drains [with the exception of pan coaters (Accelacota) and the coating solution manufacturing rooms which discharge into a scrubber drain which empties into an equalization tank]. The tank discharges to the North Shore Sanitary District (NSSD) under controlled conditions (Appendix B). The washdown water will be metered into the general wastestream for discharge into the sewer system of the NSSD.

Manufacturing data (Appendix B) indicate losses of drug product from tableting to aqueous waste as follows:

- Fluid Bed Dryers 0.05 to 0.1 percent
- Fluid Air Mill and Granulators 0.1 to 0.2 percent
- <u>V-blender</u> 0.1 to 0.2 percent
- Fette 2000 Compressor 0.1 percent

The total estimate for loss of product to wastewater is 0.35 to 0.5 percent. Based on the marketing forecast in Appendix B, and assuming that manufacturing of the tablets could occur only at Abbott Park, the quantity of tiagabine hydrochloride that could be released as sewage during 2000 (the fifth year following approval) is provided as a worst case estimate of 5.39 to 7.7 kg.

Solid Wastes

Solid wastes from manufacturing are expected to be as follows (Appendix B):

- <u>Granulation</u> 0.15 percent as powder in the dust collector, 0.2 to 0.6 percent as remnants and fines and 0.5 to 1 percent while vacuuming the equipment and floors
- Pre-mix 0.5 percent as powder in the dust collector
- Blending 0.2 percent as powder in the dust collector
- <u>Compressing</u>—0.6 percent as powder and tablet culls
- <u>Coating</u>—0.1 percent at tablet culls

The above material, after collection and containment into drums, will be disposed of as solid waste as outlined in 3.6.4.4. Packaging rejects and protective clothing worn by employees will be collected in drums and rolloff boxes for landfilling. Packaging rejects are estimated to be 1% for bottles caps, 5% for blister foil packages and 2% for printed supplies (labels, enclosures, and tamper evident bands). Based on the projected number of work orders for tiagabine hydrochloride tablets, the quantity of packaging rejects is estimated to be 250 lbs/year. A Tyvek full body covering with attached booties is worn during the changing of dust collectors, as well as during blending and manufacture of premix. An estimated 5 lbs of this protective clothing worn in association with tiagabine hydrochloride manufacture would be disposed of per year. These solid wastes will be transported to the landfill managed by Waste Management of Wisconsin (Permit No. 3062).

3.6.6.2.2 Controls Exercised on Residuals and Emissions

Safety precautions for the chemicals introduced into tablet manufacture are provided in Material Safety Data Sheets (Appendix A). No volatile organic emissions will be generated during production of the tablets. Release of particulates from the encapsulating facility cannot exceed three tons per year and will be controlled by bag filters, HEPA filters, and Torit dust collectors (Appendix B). Aqueous wastes (Appendix B) are sewered into the general wastewater discharge. Solid wastes are disposed of at permitted waste facilities.

3.6.6.2.3 Compliance of Proposed Action with Applicable Emission Requirements

Handling procedures specified in the Material Safety Data Sheets (Appendix A) will be followed throughout all operations. Particulate emissions from the encapsulating facility at Abbott Park is regulated under a permit issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Appendix B). Wastewater from manufacturing must meet the General Pretreatment Standards in 40 CFR Part 403 and the Effluent Guidelines and standards for Pharmaceutical Manufacturing in 40 CFR Part 439. The prohibitions and limitations for discharge into the sewer system of the North Shore Sanitary District (NSSD) are listed in Appendix B. Solid wastes will be landfilled by Waste Management of Wisconsin under Permit No. 3062 from the State of Wisconsin, Department of Natural Resources.

07/25/96

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Certification of compliance with applicable emission requirements from facility managers is provided in Appendix A.

3.6.6.2.4 Effect of the Proposed Action on Compliance with Current Emission Requirements

Emissions and releases from the manufacture of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets or packaging of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets will not exceed the limitations of current permits. Manufacturing of this product will be scheduled to fit within the existing framework of activities from which current emission requirements are applicable.

3.6.6.3 PREPARATION OF THE TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS (BARCELONETA, PUERTO RICO)

3.6.6.3.1 Substances Emitted During Manufacturing

Atmospheric Emissions

Tablet manufacturing at Barceloneta will be carried out with similar manufacturing instructions as will be used at Abbott Park (Appendix B). No volatile organic emissions will be generated. Atmospheric emissions are considered negligible based on the low production volume and treatment with high efficiency dust collectors.

Aqueous Wastes

Water from equipment washdown, room cleaning, and wet scrubbers is sent to an onsite wastewater treatment plant (Permit No. GDA-93-202-050). An estimate of the sewered aqueous waste produced during the manufacture of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets at Barceloneta is located in Appendix B. Manufacturing estimates indicate losses of drug product during tablet manufacture to wastewater to be 5.9 to 10 Kg based on a 600 kg tablet lot.

Solid Wastes

An estimation of the solid wastes produced during the manufacture of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets at Barceloneta is provided below (Appendix B):

- Granulation 19.8 kg discarded as excess
- <u>Pre-mix</u> 1 kg discarded as excess
- Blending & Lubricating 1 kg as lubricated granulation
- <u>Compressing</u> 13.0 kg as culls and 3.7 kg as lubricated granulation
- Coating & Finishing 0.20 kg of tablet culls

This disposition of these wastes will be through incineration at Chambers Medical Technologies of South Carolina, Inc., 100 Nix Street, Hampton, South Carolina 29924. Because tiagabine hydrochloride is exempt from U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)'s Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and not regulated by Department of Transportation (DOT), it can be disposed of in an approved incinerator (Appendix A). Approximately 400 lbs. of solid waste is generated per batch of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets. This waste consists primarily of fiber cartons and drums, plastic bags and paper. The quantity of protective clothing disposed of will be approximately 31 lbs. per batch of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets. Packaging waste will be landfilled by Browning Ferris Industries (BFI). BFI is certified to operate in Puerto Rico at various qualified landfilling sites (P.R. Environmental Quality Board Permit No. SR930025, no expiration date).

3.6.6.3.2 Controls Exercised on Residuals and Emissions

Handling, storage and use of chemicals will be carried out as directed in the Material Safety Data Sheets (Appendix A). No volatile organic emissions will be generated. Solid wastes, including the collected dust and culls from manufacturing, tableting and packaging, will be segregated and stored in dedicated areas before final disposal. All solid wastes from the manufacture of tiagabine hydrochloride tablets will be incinerated at Chambers Medical Technologies of South Carolina, Inc. (Permit No.'s 1280-0021CD, 1280-0021CE, 1280-0021CF, 1280-0021CG). No expiration dates are applicable to these licenses. Packaging wastes will be landfilled by BFI as noted above.

Aqueous wastes will be treated in an onsite wastewater treatment system. The system includes an equalization and neutralization basin, two biological reactors and a secondary aerobic digester as part of the primary and secondary treatment scheme. The treatment system also includes sludge dewatering and tertiary treatment as final units of operation. Sludge is landfilled onsite. The effluent is discharged to the Barceloneta Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant, a publicly owned treatment works operated by the Puerto Rico Aqueduct and Sewer Authority (PRASA). The Barceloneta municipal sewer permit number is GDA-93-202-050. This permit expires in mid-1997. Requirements of the PRASA are listed in the facility agreement found in Appendix B. The wastewater effluent from WTP of PRASA is released into the coastal waters 1.5 miles of the coast.

3.6.6.3.3 Compliance of Proposed Action with Applicable Emission Requirements

Operating personnel are required to read and follow the chemical handling procedures described in the Material Safety Data Sheets [Appendix A and the Waste Management Policy (Appendix B)]. The current permit for operating equipment to lessen air pollution is provided in Appendix B. Water that will be discharged from the onsite treatment system must comply with prohibitions and limitations listed in the facility agreement issued by PRASA (Appendix B). The incinerator that Chambers Medical Technologies operates in Hampton, South Carolina is permitted by the State Environmental Quality Board, Permit No.'s 1280-0021CD, 1280-0021CE, 1280-00021CF, and 1280-0021CG.

Certification of compliance with applicable emission requirements from the facility manager is provided in Appendix B.

3.6.6.3.4 Effect of the Proposed Action on Compliance with Current Emission Requirements

Emissions and releases from the manufacturing, tableting, and packaging of tiagabine hydrochloride will not exceed the limitations of current permits. These permits are issued for the facility, and thus manufacturing of this product will be scheduled to fit within the activities that are permitted.

3.6.6.4 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY

Chemicals used in manufacture of the drug product are regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Employees are trained in the proper operation of equipment in order to minimize potential safety, health and environmental risks. Extensive safety training is mandated, and Material Safety Data Sheets (Appendix A) are available to personnel for chemicals handled in the manufacturing area. Monitoring of employee exposure to hazardous materials is conducted and personnel participate in annual physical evaluations. Employee education on health is provided through lectures.

Existing work procedures (including the use of uniforms, respirators, gloves, safety shoes, and eye protection) and engineering controls designed for the equipment (e.g., exhausts to remove dust) are adequate to protect the employees.

The safe transport of all drug-related materials is ensured by following protocols which include formal qualification of vendors, training of personnel, and rigid specification of containers and materials. Access to drug substances and products is restricted to authorized personnel.

3.6.6.5 **AMOUNT OF SUBSTANCES ENTERING THE ENVIRONMENT**

To conservatively (i.e., worst case) estimate the amount of tiagabine hydrochloride entering a typical wastewater treatment plant as a result of the proposed action, it is assumed that all of the drug produced in the year 2000, which is expected to be the peak production year, will be ingested and eliminated by the U.S. population. For example, for the year 2000, ~1.5 (1,540 kg) metric tons is now forecasted to be the amount of drug substance that will be processed into tiagabine hydrochloride tablets and the assumption includes that all 1.5 metric tons will be consumed and excreted by the patients.

Using the calculation stated in the CDER "Guidance For Industry For The Submission of an Environmental Assessment in Human Drug Applications and Supplements."

EIC - Aquatic (ppm) =
$$A \times B \times C \times D$$

or

1540 kg x
$$\frac{1}{1.115 \times 10^{11} \text{ Ud}}$$
 x $\frac{1}{365 \text{ days}}$ x $\frac{10^6 \text{ mg}}{\text{kg}}$ = 0.0000378 ppm = 0.0378 ppb

Therefore, this drug meets the requirements of a Tier 0 Approach. No further analysis is needed.

- 3.6.7 FATE OF EMITTED SUBSTANCES IN THE ENVIRONMENT
 No analyses needed, per Guidance.
- 3.6.8 ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS OF RELEASED SUBSTANCES
 No analyses needed, per Guidance.
- 3.6.9 <u>USE OF RESOURCES AND ENERGY</u>
 No analyses needed, per Guidance.
- 3.6.10 MITIGATION MEASURES

 No analyses needed, per Guidance.

3.6.11 **PREPARERS**

Ranga Velagaleti, Ph.D

Director

Environmental Fate and Assessment Division

Analytical Biochemistry Laboratories, Inc.

7200 East ABC Lane

Columbia, Missouri 65202

Wes Winberry
Program Manager
Environmental Fate and Assessment Division
Analytical Biochemistry Laboratories, Inc.
7200 East ABC Lane
Columbia, Missouri 65202

The preparers' resumes are provided in Appendix B.

07/25/96 18 .

3.6.12 CERTIFICATION

PREPARERS

for preparation of the Environmental Assessment Report in accordance with 21 CFR 25.31(a).
Signature Ranja Ullagalete Date 7-29-96
Title Director, Environmental Fate and Assessment
Signature Rauga Vilageleti for liks Windowy Date 7-24-96 Title Program Manager Francisco Program Manager Progra
Title Program Manager, Environmental Fate and Assessment
SPONSOR
The undersigned certifies that the information presented herein and provided to Ranga Velagaleti by Abbott Laboratories (applicant) is true, accurate, and complete to the
Signature Date 8/5/91
Title 7/13/9 6

3.6.13 **REFERENCES**

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3.6.14 **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A.1 - CERTIFICATIONS OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGERS

APPENDIX A.2 - MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (same as Appendix A of March 27, 1996 submission)

APPENDIX B - CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX A.1 - CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGERS

APPENDIX A.2 - MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (same as Appendix A of March 27, 1996 submission)

APPENDIX A.1

CERTIFICATIONS OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGERS

NON-CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX A.1.1

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGER

ABBOTT LABORATORIES, UNITED KINGDOM



TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE - CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

ABBOTT LABORATORIES states that it is in material compliance with, or on an enforceable schedule to be in compliance with, applicable emission requirements set forth in permits, consent decrees, and administrative orders relating to the production of tiagabine hydrochloride at its facilities in Queenborough, UK, as well as applicable emission requirements set forth in local and UK national statutes.

Signed -

A.P. Andrews

A. P. ANDREWS

ASSISTANT TECHNICAL DIRECTOR

9th March, 1995



NON-CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX A.1.2

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGER

ABBOTT PARK, ILLINOIS

ABBOTT LABORATORIES PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION

A B B O T T P A R K GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

ABBOTT LABORATORIES states that it is in material compliance with, or on an enforceable schedule to be in compliance with, applicable emission requirements set forth in permits, consent decrees and administrative orders relating to the production of TIAGABINE at its facilities in Abbott Park, Illinois, as well as applicable emission requirements set forth in federal, state and local statutes and regulations, relating to the production of TIAGABINE.

STEVEN J. LICHTER, Director,

Abbott Park Operations

Pharmaceutial Products Division

4-28-95

NON-CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX A.1.3

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FROM FACILITY MANAGER

BARCELONETA, PUERTO RICO

GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

ABBOTT LABORATORIES states that it is in material compliance with, or on an enforceable schedule to be in compliance with, applicable emission requirements set forth in permits, consent decrees and administrative orders relating to the production of Tiagabine at its facilities in Barceloneta, Puerto Rico, as well as applicable emission requirements set forth in federal, state and local statutes and regulations relating to the production of Tiagabine.

Luis A. Rivera Figueroa Manager. Environmental Engineering Department

LARFALI C.im Summer

APPENDIX A.2

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (same as March 27, 1996 submission)

MS/DS List

Drug: Tiagabine Hydrochloride

Excipient

Acid, Ascorbic, USP, White, Powder

Acid, Ascorbic, USP, White, Powder

Acid, Ascorbic, USP, White, Powder

Acid, Stearic, NF, Fine Powder

Cellulose, Microcrystalline, NF (Avicel pH 101, 102)

Colloidal Silicon Dioxide, NF (CAB-O-SIL M-5)

Crospovidone, NF

Dye, Blue, FD&C No. 1, Lake, 11-13%

Dye, Blue, FD&C No. 2, Aluminum Lake (Fine Grind), 11-14%

Dye, Yellow, D&C No. 10, Aluminum Lake, 14-17%

Dye, Red D&C No. 30, Aluminum Lake

Hydroxypropyl Cellulose NF Vis. of 10% H₂O Solution:

Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 USP, 15 CPS

Lactose, Anhydrous, NF

Magnesium Stearate, NF, Impalpable Powder

Starch, Pregelatinized, NF

Titanium Dioxide, USP, Special Coating Grade

Wax. Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil (Sterotex K)

NATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARBOTT LABORATORIES

CHENICAL & AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS DIVISION .

2555555

MORTE CEICAGO, ILLINOIS 60064

EMERGENCY TELEPEONE 1-708-937-6100 CHEKTREC 1-800-424-9300

ABBOTT

ISSUE DATE: 10/31/94 TSCA STATUS: Exempt

APPROVAL:

LIST/CODE: /49463

PRODUCT MAME: Tiegebine Mydrochleride: A-65877; A-70569.1

CHENICAL MAME: n(-)9-(4,4-bif3-sothy)thion-2-y1;but-3-enyl)niposotic acid

DOT CLASSIFICATION: Dot Bornland

EAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

NAME (CAS NO.)

CERA PEL

ACGII TLV

ABBOTT LIMIT

Tiagabino Tydrochlorido.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: eff white selid

Solubility: #/9

Boiling Point: 1/9

PB: =/9

Vapor Density: =/> Viscosity: 2/9

Melting Point: 194-196 c

Vapor Pressure: #/0

Density: w/p

FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Plack Point: 5/9

Extinguishing Media: was appropriate medias for underlying seems of fire

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: weer protective electing and selfsentained breathing apporatus

Emplosion severity: severe; Explosibility index: severe

PRODUCT HAME: Tisgabine Hydrochloride; A-65877; A-70569.1

PEACTIVITY

Incompatibility: #/9

Basardous Decomposition or By-products: 2/3

Conditions to Avoid: 2/3

MEALTH MAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry: Inhalation - Yes 5kin - No

Ingestion - No

Oral Toxicity: 1866 >2006 mg/mg in 1816, >606 <1000 mg/mg in mice

Dermal Toxicity: 1950 > 1,000 mg/kg in rabbits. Slight reduces was observed at the application site in one rebbit after a 24 hour expenses

Inhalation Toxicity: 3/9

Corresiveness: #/8

Dermal Irritation: see sesteating to the skin of subbits

Ocular Irritation: present. A moderate eye irritable in rabbits producing corneal opacity, iritis and conjunctive; irritation with only pertial recovery in 7 days

Dermal Sensitization: Set a sensitizer in quines pig maximisation accept at a challenge concentration of 35% and 55% in potrolatum.

Special Target Organ Effects: s/s. Antispileptic that inhibits the uptake of game-amine butyris acid (SASA) in the seatral nervous system (CBS). In repeat-door studies in animals, timpshine hydrochleride produced CBS changes (transf. convolutions), salivation, levered boart rate, changes in liver function parameters, perphologic changes in the liver attributable to entype industion at decades of I me/he/day or more. In reproductive studies, naturally tericity and fetal tericity (decreased weight and increased resorptions) were neved at decades of 13 me/he/day or

Carcinogenicity: NTP - NL IARC - NL OSHA - NL ACGIE - NL

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: s/s. In clinical trials, tiegobine bedrochloride produced beadsone, semaleure, distincts, impaired semestration, alterations is mood, semary and perception, dry mouth, teste perversions, asthemic (lack of energy), symmetry, and eventing. Asimal data suggest attractions in liver function personners

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: s/s. Data seggest proestating eye tayory, cas allocate or liver discose

PRODUCT HAND: Tiegebine Hydrochloride; A-65877; A-70569.1

HEALTH HAZARD DATA (cont)

Emergency and Pirst Aid Procedures: Leave free source of exposure.

If this or eye contest eccur, flush with copious absents of water. If irritation persists or signs of texisity eccur, seek sedical attention. So known satidate.

Provide symptometic/supportive care as accommenty.

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Ventilation: wee local ventilation to control dust at its settee(s)

Respirator: aspplied air respireser if headling solid meterial.

Gloves: Impervious

Bye Protection: Pull-face respirator

Other Protection: weer fullhedy typek severings with heed and shee severs during desty operations.

SPECIAL EANDLING AND STORAGE

Special Precautions: week bands and face after bandling this compound.

Spill or Release Procedures: sweep up product, piece into appropriate container for disposal. Avoid dust. Ventilate and week spill area

Waste Disposal: mispose of product in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations

Other Mandling: 8/9

PRODUCT NAME: Tiagabine Hydrochloride; A-65877; A-70569.1

Legend

M/A - NOT APPLICABLE M/D - NOT DETERMINED

ML - Not Listed

L - Listed

C - Cailing

5 - Short Term

(R) = A registered trademark of Abbott Laboratories (TK) = A registered trademark of Abbott Laboratories

The information and recommendations contained berein are based upon tests believed to be Ireliable. However, Abbett Laberstories does not generates their assurant or sempletomese | FOR SEALS ANY OF THIS INFORMATION COMESTIVES A WARRANTS, WHITHER EXPRESSED OR INFLIRE, AS TO THE CAPETY OF THE COORS, THE MERCHANGABILIST OF THE COORS, OR THE FIRMESS OF THE COORS FOR A PARKICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conferm with actual conditions of unoce may be proquired. Abbett beheratories encuses as responsibility for testite estained or for finaldental or consequential desages exising from the use of those date. So freedom from linfringement of any parent, copyright or trademark is to be inferred.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page : 1

PAST CORPORATION 1609 SIDDLE AVENUE WYANDOTTE, NI 48192 (313) 246-6826

Original Date: 09/09/1993 Revision Date: 02/02/1994

Energency Telephone: (800) (24-9300 (CHENTREC) (800) 832-HELP (BAST Ectline)
BOTH NUMBERS ARE AVAILABLE DAYS, NIGHTS, WEEKENDS, & HOLIDAYS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IMPORIORION

Product ID: NVN 651341

, ASCORBIC ACID USP, FCC POWDER

Common Chemical Name:

L-ASCORBIC ACID

Synonyms:

VITAMIN C POWDER Holecular Formula:

C(6)H(8)O(6) Molecular Wt.:

176.1

Chemical Family: Vitamin

SECTION 2 - INGREDIENTS

Chamical Hame:

L-ASCENSIC ACID

E 50-81-7

F - Derectes an GDMA health hazard

F - Derectes an GDMA physical hazard

F - Derectes an GDMA carginopen

C - Derectes an GDMA carginopen

C - Derectes an GDMA carginopen

See section 18 for SARA-313 list.

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

-Color: form/Assessferits: Personal Property lies Caser: Dear Louis Bulk Bernity: 0.7 - 0.8 Built Bergitt: 2.5 (SI M SELE) 2.2. Law-64565-8190 Bog. MOT AVAILABLE Sailing Pt: 1 ATHGEPRETES - 199 C Franking Pt: ε ATROSPHERES . 190 Decamp. 1mp: Soluble Solubility in Water Description:

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Typical Low-RANGE-Righ Deg. Method

Flash Point: NOT AVAILABLE

Autoignition: 370 - 375 C NONE SPECIFIED

Page: 2

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA (cont)

Extinguishing Media:

Use water fog, foam or dry chemical extinguishing media.

Pire Fighting Procedures:

Pirefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn out gear.

Unusual Easards:

Adequate ventilation and cleanup must be maintained to minimize dust accumulation. May form explosive dust-air mixture.

SECTION S. - MEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact say be a route of entry for liquified gases.

Toxicology Test Data:

Rat, Oral LDS0 - > 10 G/KG

Practically Nontoxic

Human Occupational Exposure Experience -

Slight to moderate sensitizer

Acute Overexposure Effects:

Contact with the powder or its dusts may cause irritation of the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastric disturbances.

Inhalation may result in respiratory irritation.

Chromic Overexposure Effects:

Chronic ingestion of large doses of vitamin C may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including nausea and diarrhea, urinary effects involving urine acidification, oxalate and uric acid crystallization in the bladder and kidney and decreased reaction times and psychomotor coordination.

First Aid Procedures - Skin:

Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation develops, get medical attention.

First Aid Procedures - Tyes:

Immediately rinse eyes with running water for 15 minutes. If irritation develops, get medical attention.

Pirst. Aid Procedures - Ingestion:

If swallowed, dilute with water and immediately induce vomiting.

Never give fluids or induce vomiting if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Get immediate medical attention.

First Aid Procedures - Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. Aid in breathing, if necessary, and get immediate medical attention.

First Aid Procedures - Notes to Physicians:

None known.

Pirst Aid Procedures - Aggravated Medical Conditions:
No data is available which addresses medical conditions that are
generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to this product.
Please refer to Section 5 (Effects of Overexposure) for effects

Page: 3

ASCORBIC ACID USP, FCC POWDER NVN 651341

SECTION 5 - MEALIN EFFECTS (cont)

observed in animals. Pirst lid Procedures - Special Precautions: None

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability Data: Stable Incompatability: No data available. Conditions/Masards to Avoid: Heat, light, moisture and air. Easardous Decomposition/Polymerisation: Polymerization: Does not occur. Corrosive Properties: Corrosive to metal. Oxidiser Properties: Not an oxidizer

SECTION 7 - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Clothing: Gloves, coveralls, apron, and boots as necessary to prevent contact. Eyes: Chemical Goggles Respiration: If dusts are generated, wear an approved dust respirator. Vestilation: Use local exhaust to control dusts. Explosion Proofing: None required.

SECTION 8 - SPILL-LEAK/ENVIRONMENTAL

General: Spills should be contained, solidified and placed in suitable containers for disposal in a licensed facility. This material is not regulated by RCRA or CERCLA ("Superfund"). Wear appropriate respiratory protection and protective clothing and provide adequate ventilation during clean-up. Waste Disposal: Incinerate or bury in a licensed facility. Do not discharge into waterways or sever systems without proper authority. Container Disposal:

Dispose of in a licensed facility. Recommend crushing or other means to prevent unauthorized reuse.

Environmental Toxicity Test Data:

Inhibition of Activated Sludge - < OR = TO 1 G/L

No Inhibition BOD/COD Calculation for eliminability - 70 PERCENT

Good Potential for Elimination Golden Orfe, static 96 hr LC50 - 1000-2200 MG/L

Insignificant Hazard Toxicity to Bacteria - EC/LC50=140 MG/L ASCORBIC ACID USP, FCC POWDER NVN 651341

Page: 4

SECTION 8 - STILL-LEAR/ENVIRONMENTAL (cont)

TEST RATING NOT FOUND

SECTION 9 - STORAGE AND EXHILING

General:

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Store in light impervious containers.

SECTION 10 - REGULATORY IMPORTATION

TSCA INVESTORY SERTUS

Listed on Inventory: Product Grades: USP: Y

YES

PCC: Y

SECTION 11 - TRANSPORTATION IMPORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name:

NONE

DOT Technical Name:

NONE

DOT Primary Hazard Class:

MONT

DOT Secondary Hazard Class:

MONE

DOT Label Required:

NONE

DOT Placard Required:

NONE

DOT Poison Constituent:

NONE

BAST Commodity Codes:

453

UM/MA Code: N/A Z/R Guide:

Bill of Lading Description:

FOOD, DRUGS OR MEDICINE, NOIBN

· CLASS:

7. 4. NA

SELPPING MAR:

IXIX: NONE INO: NONE

NA

NONE NONE

TDG: NONE

NA

NONE

WHILE BASE CORPORATION BELIEVES THE DATA SET FORTH HEREIN ARE ACCURATE AS THE DATE HEREOF, BASF CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT THERETO AND EXPRESSINGLY DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE THEREON. SUCE DATA ARE OFFERED SOLELY FOR CONSIDERATION, INVESTIGATION, AND VERIFICATION.

WITCO HATERIAL' SAFETY DATA SHEET HYSTRENE (R) SO16 NF FG PAGE 1 Product Code: HUM HYST 5016 NF FG CAS_NO:57-11-4 Fire NFPA HAZARD RATING 4 - Extreme 3 - High 2 - Moderate Health Reactivity - Slight - Insignificant Special HMIS HAZARD INDEX HHIS RATINGS Health. Flammability..... Hazardous 4 - Severe Materials 3 - Serious Identification 2 - Moderate Reactivity..... System . 1 - Slight Personal protection.... 0 - Minimal DIVISION AND LOCATION --- SECTION I Division: HUKO Location: HEIPHIS. TN P.O. BOX 125.1231 POPE STREET. NEIPHIS.TN, 38108-2535. Emergency Telephone Number: (901) 320-5800 Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 1-(800) 424-9300 (U.S. and Canada) CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES --- SECTION II ------Chemical Name: stearic acid Formula: Bixture Razardous Decomposition Products: carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide from burning. Incompatibility (Keep away from): strong exidizers such as hydrogen perexide, bromine, and chromic acid. Toxic and Hazardous Incredients: none Color: Off-white to light tan. Porm: solid (flake, powder or bead) Odor: mild - typically fatty. Appearance: Waxy Specific Gravity (water-1): Boiling Point: greater than 315°C (600°F) Melting Point: approximately 53 to 56°C (127 to 133°F) Solubility in Water (by weight %): negligible Volatile (by weight 1): negligible Evaporation Rate: negligible Vapor Pressure (mm Hg at 20°C): negligible Vapor Density (air=1): not applicable DR (as is): no data available Stability: Product is stable under normal conditions Viscosity SUS at 100°P: not applicable

(Continued on next page)

WITCO MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HYSTRENE (R) 5016 NF FG

PAGE 2 Product Code: HUM HYST 5016 NF FG

________ FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA---SECTION III

Special Pire Pichring Procedures:
Do not use heavy stream of water. Fatty material will float.

none. see Section VII

Flashpoint: (Method Used) Cleveland open cup approximately 190°C (374°F)

Flammable limits t: no data available

Extinguishing agents:

Orychemical or Waterspray or Waterfog or CO2 or Foam or Sand/Earth

Closed containers exposed to fire may be cooled with water.

------HEALTH HAZARD DATA---SECTION IV

Permissible concentrations (sir):

Particulates not otherwise regulated: Total dust TMA: 15mg/m³ Respirable 'Fraction: 5mg/m³ (OSHA)

Particulates not otherwise classified: TWA: 10 mg/m3 (ACGIH)

Chronic effects of overexposure:
no data available

Acute toxicological properties:

acute oral LD50 greater than 10 g/kg (rat)

Emergency First Aid Procedures:

immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 EVES:

minutes and call a physician.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. For contact with hot molten material.

cool burned skin area by immersing in cold water or apply cold

water.

Remove victim to fresh air.

Inhalation: If Swallowed: Contact a physician immediately.

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION---SECTION V

Ventilation Type Required (Local mechanical special):

Local if necessary to control dust or fumes from hot material and to maintain the

permissible exposure limit (PEL) or time-weighted average (TWA) value

Respiratory Protection (Specify type): Use NIOSH/MSHA certified dust mask and/or respirator where appropriate.

Protective Gloves:

neoprene type

Eve Protection:

chemical safety goggles and, if handled hot, full face shield

Other Protective Equipment:

neoprene protective type apron.

(Continued on next page)

WITCO NATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HYSTRENE (R) 5016 NF FG

PAGE 3

Product Code: HUM HYST 5016 NF FG

HANDLING OF SPILLS OR LEAKS---SECTION VI

Procedures for Clean-Un:

Ordinary housekeeping procedures are adequate. Helted material can cause thermal burns. Material can be burned or landfilled.

In case of spillage, sweep up and dispose of in accordance with federal, state

and local regulations.

Waste Disposal:
 Dispose of in accordance with all-applicable federal, state and local
 regulations.
 !

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS --- SECTION VII

Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:

Where dusty and/or misting conditions exist an explosive atmosphere could develop as with any organic material.

Keep containers sealed until ready for use. Avoid excessive long term storage

temperatures to prolong shelf life.

Maximum Storage Temperature: 66°C (150°F)

وقت ووقوه وواوي في ومع موسوع ومع ومع ومع

TRANSPORTATION DATA---SECTION VIII

D.O.T.: Not Regulated

Reportable Quantity: not applicable

Preight Classification:

Special Transportation Notes:

ENVIRONMENTAL/SAFETY REGULATIONS --- SECTION IX

Section 313 (Title III Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act):
This product does not contain any chemical subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

COMPLEXITS

For Industrial Use Only.

(Continued on next page)

WITCO NATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HYSTRENE (R) 5016 NF FG

PAGE 4

Product Code: HUM HYST 5016 NF FG

(COMENTS continued)

Prepared by: Bruce Hoorman		
Title: Regulatory Compliant		
Revision Date: 06/17/93	SERE ED!	
Supersedes : .01/10/90		
Date Sent :		

We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable, but they are given without warranty or guarantee of any kind, express or implied, and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage, or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of their use.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

This document has been prepared to most the requirements of the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200; the EEC Directive, 91/155/EEC and other regulatory requirements.

1. Company and Product Identification

FMC CORPORATION

Pharmaceutical and Bioscience Division

1735 Market Street

Philadelphia, PA 19103 (U.S.A.)

FMC CORPORATION NV

Avenue Louise 488-89

1050 Brussels, Belgium

Chemical Name

: Microcrystalline Cellulose

Brand Name

: Avice/9 PH 101, 102, 103, 105, 112, 200

Chemical Family

: Carbohydrate : (C&H10Os)z

Formula SYNORYES

: Microcrystalline Cellulose, MCC

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

U.S.A. & Canada

(303) 595-9048 Medical

Chemure

Plant

(302) 451-0100

(200) 424-9300

Europe Medical

01 (303) 595-9048

Transportation Plant (Cork)

01 (202) 483-7616 353 21 354 133

General Information:

(215) 299-6000

Brussels

32 2 645 5511

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Incredient Name

CASE

FFC Symbol and Risk Phrases

Microcrystalline Cellulose

9004-34-6

Not classified as dangerous

3. Hazards Identification

Emerrency Overview:

Accumulation of overhead settled dust may form explosive concentrations in air when disturbed and dispersed.

Potential Health Effects:

Minimally irrusung to the eyes and non-stritating to the skin. No adverse human effects known.

4. First Aid Measures

: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation occurs and persists.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh aur. If breathing difficulty or discomfort occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

: Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If any discomfort persists.

obtain medical attention.

Notes to Medical Doctor. This compound has very low toxicity. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive only.

Product Name: Avicel® PH Microcrystalline Cellulose

5. Fire Fighting Measures

<u>Fyringuishing Media</u>

Unusual Fire and Evolution Hazard

: Accumulation of overhead settled dust may form explosive concentrations in air when disturbed and dispersed. The propagation of flame through aufloated dusts takes place usually following a small explosion which shakes down accumulated dest. According to NFPA 68 (Explosion Venuing Guide), the Hazard Class of Dust Deflagrations for microcrystalline callulose is \$1-1. the lowest hernet class.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

: For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without wearing full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) approved for firefighting. This is necessary to protect against the hexards of heat, products of combustion and oxygen deficiency. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated.

: None knows

Hazardous Decomposition Products

6. Accidental Release Measures

Maintain good housekeeping practices to minimiss accumulation of settled dust, expecially on overhead surfaces. Sweep up the spilled material and dispose of in accordance with the waste disposal method outlined in Section 13, "Disposal Considerations*.

7. Handling and Storage

Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation to control exposure to dust. Always use safe lifting techniques when manually moving containers, especially when shipping containers weighing more than 50 pounds (22.7 kg). To protect quality, store in a tight container in a dry place.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Recommended Personal Protective Fountment

Respiratory

: Whenever dust in the worker's breathing zone cannot be controlled with ventilation, workers should wear respirators which are approved by NIOSH/MSHA (or equivalent agency) for protection against

Eyes

: Whenever airborne dust concentrations are high, appropriate protective eyewear, such as

monogoggies, should be worn to prevent eye contact.

Cloves

: Not required.

Special Clothing

and Equipment

: Not required.

Exposure Limits

Exposure Limit: Cellulose

	inhalable	Respirable		
	Dus	Dust	STEL	
Beigium (TWA)	10 mg/m3	•	-	
France (TWA)	•	10 mg/m3	-	
Switzerland (TWA)	•	6 mg/m3	-	
United Kingdom (TWA)	10 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	
USA (ACGIH TWA)	10 mg/m3	• ,	-	
(AWT AHZO) AZU	15 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	-	

9. Physical/Chemical Properties

Annexance : White, free flowing powder Solubility in Water : insoluble

Order : Odorless Evaporation Rate : Not applicable

(buyl acome = 1)

Melting Point : Not applicable Flash Point : Not applicable

Meltine Point : Not applicable Flammable Limits (Air)

Rolline Point : Not applicable Flammable Limits (Air)

Yange Pressure : Not applicable Lower : Not applicable

Lower : Not applicable

<u>Vanor Density</u>: Not applicable

<u>Autoienition Temperature</u>

(Air = 1)

Minimum Ignition Temp : 420°C

(H2O = 1)

S. Volatiles by : Approximately 5% water, by weight Fat Solubility : Not available

Volume

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Harardous Decomposition : None known

Products

Conditions/Materials to A void (Incompatibility): None known

11. Toxicological Information

Eve Contact : Minimally irritating (rabbit). FMC Study Numbers II2-621, II2-626.

Skin Contact : Non-irritating, Primary Irritation Index (rabbit) = 0/8.0. FMC Study Number 182-625.

Non-sensitizing (guinca pig). PMC Study Number 191-1184.

Skin Absorption: Dermal LD50 > 2 g/kg (rabbit). FMC Study Numbers 182-620, 182-624.

<u>Inhatation</u>: No mortality at maximum attainable concentration. 4 hour LCS0 > 5.05 mg/l (rat).

FMC Sudy Numbers 182-622, 182-627.

Incertion : Oral LD50 > 5 g/kg (rat). FMC Study Number 182-623.

Acute Effects From Overexoccure: No significant bazard in animal toxicity tests.

Chronic Effects From Overexposure: A 90 day animal study showed no adverse effects when administered in the diet (FMC Study Number 192-1464). This product was negative (non-mutagenic) in the Ames test (FMC Study Number 191-1189). No adverse human effects known. Microcrystalline cellulose is considered an inert dust which is not toxic to the lung when exposures are properly controlled.

Carringenicity: IARC: No NTP: No Other (OSHA, ACGIH): No

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate: Biodegradauon in soil: Inherently biodegradable (FMC Study Number 192-1300).

Environmental Effects:

Rainhow Trout: 96 hr LC50 > 100%, Saturated solution.

(NOEC = 100%), FMC Study Number 192-1297.

Danhnia: 48 hr LC50 > 100%, Saturated solution

(NOEC = 100%), FMC Study Number 192-1298.

Aleae: 96 hr ECSO > 100%. Saturated solution

(NOEC = 12.5%), FMC Study Number 192-1299.

Product Name: Avicel PH Microcrystalline Cellulose

13. Disposal Considerations

No special disposal methods are suggested. It is the user's responsibility to comply with all applicable local, state, and federal laws, rules, regulations, and standards.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

: Not regulated in Title 49 of the U.S. Code of Pederal Regulations as a hazardous material.

Shinning Name

: National Motor Freight Classification Item 71390, Flour Cellulose, Edible.

IN (MO/MDG)

: Not Applicable

Margol Designation

: None

Canada (TDG)

: Not Applicable

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. TSCA Inventory

I'S SARA Title III

Section 311/312

Section 313 (40 CFR 372)

: This product does not contain any toxic chemicals subject to the reporting encs of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and

Resultionization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR part 372.

California Proposition 65

: This product does not contain any chemicals currently on the California list of

known carcinogens and reproductive toxins.

Canada WHMIS

: Not a controlled product under the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials

Information System (WHMIS).

FEC FINECS No.

: 232-674-9 Celluloss

231-595-7 Hydrochloric acid

Note: Under the EINECS reporting guidelines, the reactants are reportable: the

post-reacted natural polymer is not reportable.

FEC Symbols

FFC Risk Phrases

: Not classified as dangerous

: Not classified as dangerous

FFC Salety Advise Phrases

: Not chesified as dangerous

Additional Regulatory Information

: Avice19PH Microcrystalline Cellulose meets the standards set forth in the United States Pharmaconeia/National Formulary, European Pharmaconceia British Pharmaconneia, The Pharmaconneia of Janan and the Food Chemicals Codes. Microcrystalline cellulose is generally recognized as sale (GRAS) by qualified experts and is in accordance with the United States Food and Drug Administration, FMC maintains a Drug Master File at the U.S. Food and Drug Administration to support the safe use of Avicel PH in drug products. The Avicel PH products are manufactured in accordance with Current Good Manufacturing Practice and are in compliance with the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as Amended.

16. Other Information

NFPA Designation 704

Degree of Hazard Degree of Hazard Code

Red Blue Health:

Fire:

0 0 4 a Extreme . 3 = High

Yellow

Reactivity:

2 = Moderate

Special Hazard:

1 = Slight None 0 = lasignificant

Prepared by: FMC Corporation Sections Revised: New Format

REV P. 1

Date: 6-24-93 Page 4 of 4

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Sheffield Produces	607-334-9951	
P.O. Box 630	Case Property	
Norwich. New York 13815	10/31/88	
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Section IV — Pre and Explosion Hazard Data	Parameter Land	LEL
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CABOT

Material Safety Data Sheet

Constitution of the Consti

CAB-O-SIL® UNTREATED FUMED SILICA

COMPOSITION SECON (January, 1993 SECTION I - IDENTIFIC Dioxide, Crystallins-Free	ATION OF		7-253-3370	ZARD RATING FIRE	
COMPOSITION SECON (Dioxide, Crystallns-Free	ATION OF	MATERIAL	HA	✓ FIRE	
Silicon (OMNAS					✓ FIRE	
-O-SIL® Furned S					1 X 0 >	
	Silica, Colloidal Silica, Syn	thetic Silica		HEALTH	REACT	
		MOLECULA	R FORMULA			
Oxide				SiO	•	
SECTION	II - SIGNIFICANT COM	PONENTS	AND CONTAM			
	COMPONENT		PERCENT	PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT	ACGIH Total Dust	
ica, amorphous,	furned, cryst-free		99 plus	*None Listed	*None Listed	
	SECTION III - PH					
	FREEZING FOINT		SPECIFIC	GRAVITY (WATER	· • 1.0)	
		A		2.2		
no of Mercury) NA		4.0 (4% Aqueous Slutty)				
/APOR DENSITY (AIR = 1) NA			SOLUBILITY IN WATER Insclubie			
SEC1	ION IV - FIRE AND EX	PLOSION F	AZARD DATA	\		
FY METHOD)		FLAMMABLE (EXPLOSIVE) LIMITS (PERCENTAGE BY VOLUME)				
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	SECTION SECTION SECTION SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SECTION SECTION NA SECTION NA	SECTION II - SIGNIFICANT COME COMPONENT Ica. amorphous, furned, cryst-free I since is a non-hazardous material and thus do purposes is 6 mg/m². TION XI for TSCA information. SECTION III - PH ERISTICS Fine White Power FREEZING FOINT NA IF I) NA SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXI IFY METHOD) NA	SECTION II - SIGNIFICANT COMPONENTS COMPONENTS COMPONENT Ica, amorphous, furned, cryst-free I silics is a non-hazardous material and thus does not have a purposes is 6 mg/m ³ . TION XI for TSCA information. SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATE OF THE AND EXPLOSION III - PHYSICAL DATE OF MERCURY) NA SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION III - PLAMMABLE LOWER EXPLOSION III - PLAMMABLE LOWE	Oxide SECTION II - SIGNIFICANT COMPONENTS AND CONTANT COMPONENT PERCENT Ica, amorphous, furned, cryst-free 99 plus I alice is a non-hazardous material and thus does not have an assigned PEL purposes is 6 mg/m ³ . TION XI for TSCA information. SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA ERISTICS Fine White Powder, Odorless IA NA SPECIFIC IA NA 4.0 (4% A In SOLUBILITY IN WATER IN SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA FLAMMABLE (EXPLOSIVE) LIMIT NA IN NA	SECTION II - SIGNIFICANT COMPONENTS AND CONTAMINANTS COMPONENT PERCENT PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT Idea, amorphous, furned, cryst-free 99 ptus None Listed I sides is a non-nazardous material and thus does not have an assigned PEL or TLV. The indust purposes is 6 mg/m³. TION XI for TSCA information. SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA ERISTICS Fine White Powder, Odorless Fine White Powder, Odorless I SPECIFIC GRAVITY (WATER A.0 (4% Aqueous Shirty) NA Let 1) NA SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA FY METHOD) FLAMMABLE (EXPLOSIVE LIMIT) LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (PERCENTAGE) LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (PERCENTAGE) LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (PERCENTAGE) LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (PERCENTAGE)	

SECTION V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA IL LIN CAB-C-SIZ[®] is not considered a coronegen by IARC, NTP or OSHA. Primary route of entry, inhalation. Non-toxic Oral LD 50 = Greater than \$000 mg/kg. 1217 None known other than possible temporary discondent due to inhalation of dust concentrate, it above permisable exposure limit. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE Human studies have found that wertiplace expansives to furned sides do not cause chronic health effects. However, some researchers believe that chroms inflammation, lung florous and lung tumors can be developed from exposure to levels of mestable dust above the industry standard of 6 mg/m³. This exposure results in dust everteed phonomenon which is due to the lung clearance mechanism being overtooded. Amorphous famed silige was not used in these research tests. EMERGENCY AND FRET AID PROCEDURES Flush eves with plenty of water. For inhalation discomfort, move victim to fresh air. SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA GENERAL REASTIVITY Stable INCOMPATIBLETY (MATERIALS TO AVOID) None THE PARTIE WAS A PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF None HAPARDOUS POLYMERDATION CONDITIONS TO AVOID NA SECTION VII - SPILL PROCEDURES / DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED ON SPILLED Spilled CAB-O-SIL furned silica is not a hazardous waste under U.S. Federal RCRA Regulations. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD CAB-O-SIL furned silica may be swept up or vacuumed for normal discosal. CONTAINER DISPOSAL Ordinary methods for non-hazardous weste. SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION (SPECIFY IN DETAIL) EYE PROTECTION Not necessary Safety glasses recommended RESPIRATORY NIOSH approved dust respirator recommended for concentrations above 6 mg/m². **VENTILATION** OTYPE None Adequate for dusty environments SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS Dry powdered meteres can build static electrical charges when subjected to friction. Proper precautions, when using CAB-O-SIL furned salics in the presence of flammable or explosive liquids, should be taken to prevent accidents. (See NFPA-77 Static Electroty) SECTION X - SHIPPING REGULATIONS (D.O.T. NOMENCLATURE) CAB-O-SIL furned silica is not restricted/non-hazardous. SECTION XI - REGULATORY INFORMATION CAB-C-SIL furned since at nor a hazardous substance under EPA CERCLA and SARA Title III. The following EPA CERCLA and SARA Tele III notification requirements do not agely to this non-hazzirious substance; 1) Release; 2) Emergency planning based on threshold quantities (TPC), 3) Release reporting on reportable quantities, 4) Submission of annual reports of release of toxic charactes. CAS-O-SIL synthetic salice is tisted in the United States of American Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory under its former CAS \$7831-86-8.

The data and companies consumed moves are determined in Calculations (Calculations) interested and are between to be related as of 1452. We do not guarantee summar results arrange continuous and to estatuse by others. We discount any apply resulting from the use of the contents of the report.

CAB-O-Sil, furned seiza does not contain, and is not menufactured with Class I or Class II ozone depleting chemicals, as defined #

the Clean Air Act of 1990

CABOT

Dear Customer.

Attached is the information you requested on CAB-O-SIL® furned silica and/or its related products.

As you know. U.S. federal and state government authorities have instituted many regulatory laws which require that complete information on material safety and composition be published and made available upon request.

The Cab-O-Sil Division of Cabot Corporation has complete information covering the regulations listed below:

- OSHA 1910.1200 Hazard Communication
- IARC, NTP, and OSHA Carcinogenicity Reports
- F.D.A. Testing and Approval Information
- Sara Title III Information
- California Proposition 65
- Pennsylvania's Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act NJ.A.C. 8:59
- TSCA Registration and Similar Foreign Registrations

OSHA 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication, IARC, NTP, AND OSHA Carcinogenicity Reports

Information requested regarding OSHA 1910.1200 and the carcinogenicity of CAB-O-SIL furned silica product(s) is included in that product's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). Cabot's MSDS format meets or exceeds the requirements for material information disclosure under 1910.1200.

In addition, you will note under Section V of the MSDS. Health Hazard Date, the IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not classify CAB-O-SIL furned silica and its related products as carcinogens.

F.D.A. Testing and Approval Information

The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved the use of hydrophilic furned silica for many food applications (both as a direct food additive and as a substance allowed into direct contact with food). The FDA has also approved the use of furned silica in cosmetic and pharmaceutical applications. To our knowledge, no agency or organization characterizes CAB-O-SIL furned silica or any of its related products as reproductive toxins. Additionally, to our knowledge, no study provides any indication that these products might be considered a reproductive toxin.

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SARA Title III Information

Information on CAB-O-SIL furned silics or its related products in connection with SARA. Title III Community Right-to-Know may be found on the product's MSDS.

California Proposition 65, Pennsylvania and New Jersey's Worker and Community Right-To-Know Acts

With regard to California's Toxic Enforcement Act - Proposition 65 and Pennsylvania's Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act, the Health and Safety Data Sheet and MSDS have been published to answer many of the required questions. While CAB-O-SIL furned silica and related products are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory, they have been proven to be non-toxic. The furned silica and related products do not contain as additives or components any of the chemicals identified as toxic under either of the state acts. Some substances may occur in trace amounts as impurities. However, for purposes of the Pennsylvania law, they would not be present in reportable quantities. Moreover, for purposes of the California law, Cabot believes that exposure to its furned silica poses no significant risk of cancer and no observable effect on reproduction.

The Cab-O-Sil Division of Cabot Corporation has properly labeled all Cab-O-Sil furned silica and related product packages to insure that they are in compliance with the New Jersey Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act.

TSCA Registration

CAB-O-SIL hydrophilic and treated furned silicas are listed on the United States of America Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory. CAB-O-SIL furned silica and other related products are also listed on several similar foreign chemical inventories such as ECOIN - European Core Inventory for EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (European Community). MITT - Ministry of International Trade and Industry - Department of the Japanese Government (Japan). ACOIN - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (Australia), and DSL/NDSL - Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada).

It is our desire to comply with all federal and state regulations and as such, we trust this letter, together with the enclosed information, will be adequate to answer all of your questions. However, if I may be of further assistance, please contact me.

Sincerely.

Michael A. Yusko

Health & Safety Manager

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Enclosures

CABOT

Technical Data

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Health, Safety and Regulatory Status of CAB-O-SIL® Untreated Fumed Silica

Manufacture

CAB-O-SIL® famed silica is a synthetic, amorphous, colloidal silicon dioxide. It is produced by the vapor hydrolysis of chlorosilanes, such as silicon tetrachloride, in a hydrogen-oxygen flame.

SiCl4 + 2H2 + O2 1800°C SiO2 + 4HC1

The combustion process creates silicon dioxide molecules which condense to form particles. The particles collide, attach and sinter together. The result of these processes is a three dimensional branched chain aggregate with a length of approximately 0.2 to 0.3 microns. Once the aggregates cool below the fusion point of silica (1710°C), further collisions result in mechanical entanglement of the branched chain aggregates. termed agglomeration. Further agglomeration takes place in the collection system to yield a fine white fluffy powder with an agglomerate size of less than 325 US Mesh (44 microns) and surface areas ranging from 90 to 380 m²/g. Calcining reduces the hydrogen chloride level to less than 100 ppm. The manufacturing system combined with the high quality of the feedstock insures the purity of the silica.

Toxicology

CAB-O-SIL fumed silica is amorphous and does not possess the fibrogenic potential of many crystalline silicas. Expenence over the past 30 years of manufacturing fumed silica shows not a single complaint case of lung fibrosis or loss of pulmonary functions due to fumed silica inhalation.

Tests with laboratory animals have given the following results:

Acute Oral Toxicity

CAB-O-SIL was administered by oral gavage to 10 albino rats at dose levels of 5 grams per kilogram of body weight. All animals survived the 14 day duration of the study.

Primary Dermal Irritation

CAB-O-SIL was evaluated for primary dermal irritation potential when applied under impervious bandages to clipped, intact, and abraded skin of albino rabbits. The Primary Irritation Index was calculated to be 0.44 on a scale of 0-8. The furned silica was considered inert to mildly irritating.

Primary Eye Irritation

CAB-O-SIL was evaluated for primary eye irritation potential when instilled in the eyes of rabbits. The mean Primary Eye Irritation Scores for unwashed eyes were 1.0 and 0.3 (in a scale of 0-110) after 24 and 48 hours, respectively, and 0.0 for the duration of the test. Scores for washed eyes were 0.0 throughout the 7 day test period. The furned silica was considered inert to very mildly irritating.

Acute Dust Inhalation (4 hr. Gravimetric)

A group of 10 test animals (rats) was exposed to an amosphere with a gravimetric concentration of 2.03 mg/l (nominal concentration 59 mg/l) of CAB-O-SIL for a 4 hour period followed by a 14 day observation period. No animals perished during the exposure or in the 14 day period after exposure. At necropsy, no gross lesions were observed.

When tested under the stated conditions, the LC-SO for CAB-O-SIL® furned silica is greater than the gravimetric concentration of 2.08 mg/l or nominal concentration of 59 mg/l.

Mutagenicity Testing

CAB-O-SIL furned silica was evaluated in a benery of four standard tests for mutagenicity. The furned silica was found to be negative in all four tests.

Purity

CAB-O-SIL is the purest commercially available amorphous silica. It is at least 99.8 percent by weight silicon dioxide on an ignited weight basis. Typical levels of trace metallic impurities are shown below:

Typical Analysis of CAB-O-SIL furned silica for Trace Metallic Contaminants

Elem	est ppm	Elem	ent ppm	Elem	est pps
ĀĒ	a z	ŭ	کھ	P	a s
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As .	40.05	Fe	ح	Sb	4 1
3	2	Hg	4 1	Se	4 .1
Ba	کھ	نا	€0.1	Sa	کھ
De	€0.1	Mg	<1	T.	<i< td=""></i<>
Bi	ಎತ	Min	≪ 0.1	V	@ .1
Cı	2	Me	ده	Z.	40.2
Cd	4 0.1	Na	کھ	Z.	کھ
Co	4 .1	Ni	</td <td></td> <td></td>		

The "less than" sign(<) indicates that the element was not detected at the level given. These data do not represent a guarantee or specification but simply show typical values found when random production samples were tested by various analytical methods.

Regulatory Status CAB-Q-SIL Furned Silica in Foods

The use of CAB-O-SIL has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (F.D.A.) for many food applications as both a direct food additive at levels up to 2 percent by weight and as a substance allowed in the manufacture of materials that come into direct contact with food in various producing, manufacturing, packing, preparing, transporting, and holding operations.

Pertinent sections can be found in Title 2: Code of Federal Regulations. Part 172 "Food Additives Permitted for Direct Addition to Food for Human Consumption." Additional information on the use of CAB-O-SIL fumed silica in foods is available in the publication. CAB-O-SIL® Fumed Silica as a Conditioning Agent for the Food Processing Industry.

Food Chemicals Codex

CAB-O-SIL meets all of the requirements for "Silicon Dioxide" (Synthetic Amorphous Silica). Lot analysis available upon request.

CAB-O-SIL Furned Silica in Pharmaceuticals

CAB-O-SIL has been authorized by United States Food and Drug Administration (F.D.A.) for use in pharmaceutical products for internal and topical applications. Information on the use of CAB-O-SIL fumed silica in pharmaceuticals may be found in the publication. CAB-O-SIL® Fumed Silics in Cosmetter and Pharmaceuticals.

USP-National Formulary

CAB-O-SIL meets all of the requirements for "Colloidal Silicon Dioxide" as described in the United States USP-National Formulary, the European Pharmacopoeia, the DAB 9 and other national pharmacopoeias.

Chemical Substance Inventory Listings

CAB-O-SIL is listed in the Chemical Substance Inventones as follows:

TSCA AND AICS (U.S. and Augmatia)	(Entobs)	MITT (Japan)
7631 -86-9 411	2315454	1-54 8 (1-810) ⁴⁰

- (1) The Chemical Abstract Service (C.A.S.), a division of the American Chemical Society, has imused CAB-O-SIL the registration number, 112945-52-5 (silica, amorphous, furned, crystalline-free). CAB-O-SIL is included in the Tosic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inventory as CAS registry number, 7631-86-9, which identifies silica (SiO₂) regardless of its physical form.
- (2) Insual MITI numbers refer to the Official Gazette Announcement while the numbers in parentheses () refer to the Reference Number of Classification by Seructure.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

CAB-O-SIL furned silica is not considered a hazardous chemical under the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR Sec. 1910.1200). All CAB-O-SIL furned silica manufactured and sold in the United States is labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard. Material Safety Data Sheets are available upon request.

Industry Recognized Exposure Concentration

CAB-O-SIL is a non-hazardous material and thus does not have an assigned PEL or TLV. The industry standard for total dust sampling purposes is 6 mg/m³.

Handling and Storage Handling

Since CAB-O-SIL is a dry powder material, we recommend the following for maximum comfort and safety:

- Avoid continued excessive inhalation. Furned silica dust levels should not exceed an 8 hour time weighted average total dust exposure of 6 mg/m³. The German (1990) MAK value has been fixed at 4 mg/m³ total dust.
- Provide adequate ventilation of the work area.
 Where ventilation is not available, a NIOSH approved dust respirator is recommended for concentrations above 6 mg/m³.
- Wear eye protection.
- Exposure to fumed silica dust may dry the skin, hence protective skin oils, creams and gloves are useful.

- Clean-up of CAB-O-SIL untreated fumed silica spills can be handled using a vacuum or wet absorbent materials. Wet CAB-O-SIL on a walking surface may be slippery.
- Dry powders, such as CAB-O-SIL, can build static electrical charges when subjected to friction by pouring, conveying or mixing. Proper safety precautions, including electrical grounding, inert atmosphere, etc., should be taken when handling near flammable or explosive liquids. For further information see NFPA #77, Static Electricity.

Storage

Due to CAB-O-SIL fumed silica's high purity and stability, it will not chemically degrade. However, it should be noted that as the surface area of the untreased grades of fumed silica increases, the tendency to adsorb moisture increases during storage. • Due to this fact, it is recommended that the product be stored in a clean, dry area away from chemical vapors at ambient temperatures. It is recommended that the product be used within the first two years of its date of manufacture.

The moisture content of CAB-O-SIL is less than 1.0 wt % at the time of packaging. This will increase, depending upon the percent relative humidity, time and temperature.

Surface moisture can interfere in some applications, but the original moisture levels can be recovered by drying the fumed silica in an oven set to 105°C or higher. If an application is critically sensitive to moisture, a local CAB-O-SIL fumed silica representative should be contacted to discuss packaging and handling options.

Compliance with the various government regulations is incumbent upon the user.

The data and conclusions contained herein are based on studies made in Cabot Corporation laboratories and are believed to be reliable as of 3/72. We do not guarantee that similar results and/or conclusions will be obtained by others. We disclaim any liability resulting from the use of the contents of this report.

ALD, ASCORBIC USA WHITE ASSET ASSET APPAIRS NOTHANNILA ROCHE INC. CORP. BIVIRONMENTAL & SAFETY AFFAIRS NUTLEY, NEW JERSEY 07110 13011 235-2223 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

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FILE NO.	1/465	
V-789	1 of 3 .	
CRIGINATED	07/07/81	
APPROVED	•	
REVEED	02/17/86	

CHEMICAL NAME

]-Onn-L-gulofuranelactone(enol); L-3-Reto-threshexuronic acid lactone (keto)

ABBOTT PRODUCT CODE #11450 &

CBDE 40.

60406, 60456, 60470, 60476, 60481, 60482, 60491

1 NO MO.

CAS NO.

50-61-7 1-3001

Formula: C.H.O.
Formulation/s: Redoxon: BEROCEA Tablets: BEROCEA PM; SEROCEA Plus Tabs:

LAFOREC: VI-PENTA F Chevables: VI-PENTA Infant Drops: VI-PENTA F Infant Drops

Synonyms: vitamin C: L(+)ascorbic acid

Chemical Family: Unsaturated hydroxylated gamma-lactone

Molecular Weight: 176

RAZARD WARRING:

Clinical Indication: Vitamia C source

Biological Activity or Toxicological Class: High-dose irritation of succus

membranes/Avoid prolonged dust inhalation

Environmental Essard/Caution: Dust explosion hazard/See Section IV

Emergency Mazard Symmol:

I. PEYSICAL PROPERTIES Sources: CD

:Appearance and Odor: White to slightly off-white granular powder or crystals:

: nearly odorless with a pleasantly tart taste

:Specific Gravity (M.O = 1): 1.65

Soluble in: Alconof (slight)

Melting Point: 192°C

Solubility is Water, & by we. at 20°C: 30%

Bulk Density: 0.55-1.2 g/ml

Specific Rotation: -20.50 to -21.50 at 25°C

::. CERCICAL PROPERTIES Sources: C

Stability: Stable

(Conditions to Avoid: Moisture, light especially if in aqueous solution

(promotes exidation)

Materials to Avoid: Alkalis, iron, copper, water, air oxidizing agents (metal

lons catalyse; oxidation) do not formulate with sodium salicylate, sodium

DITTATE

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not Occur



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

V-789 2 of 3

III. ELZASDOUS INGREDIENTS Sources: CESA

Not Applicable (If code # identifies & formulated product, the non-active molety is inert and non-toxic).

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION ENGLED SOUTHOR: CESA

Dry, free-flowing powder may present a dust explosion hazard.

Maximum explosion pressure: 88 paig

Maximum rate of pressure rise: 4800 pai/sec

Minimum cloud ignition energy: 0.06 joules

Minimum explosion concentration: 0.07 os/ou. ft.

Ignition temperature cloud: 460 C

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam, as appropriate for surrounding fire and materials.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Evacuate personnel to an area of upwind direction and remove unneeded materials; keep fire-exposed containers cool with water spray, and provide fire fighters with self-contained breathing equipment.

V. MEALTH MAZARDS Sources: CISA

Threshold Limit Value:

TWA: None established

STEL: Nome established

TOXICITY:

Industrial Exposure: No adverse clinical findings have been reported at dose levels of 9000 mg/day or less, orally in man. At a level of 50-80 g/day for a veek to 10 days, there was some gastroenteritis and anal irritation; amounts of 1g/day may cause diarrhea; 4-12 g/day can cause formation of urate and cystine stones in the urinary bladder.

Primary Route/s of Exposure: Ingestion, inhalation

Experimental: 13_{50} (mouse, 1Y) 518 mg/kg 13_{50} (mouse, orl) >8 g/kg

Emergency and First Ald:

Lye contact: Irrigate surfaces with water thoroughly

Skin contact: Flush areas with water thoroughly

Ingestion: Drink large quantities of water to combat the dehydrating effect

(CESA)

VI. SAFETT MEASURES AND EQUIPMENT Sources: CESA

Ventilation: Mechanical acceptable

Respiratory: NIOSE-approved dust respirator

Eyes: Safety goggles Gloves: Rubber Other Directives:

Precautionary Label: L(+)Ascorbic acid

Vitamin C CAS # 50-81-7

High doses affect muchus membranes and kidney



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

FILE NO.	P468
V-789	3 of 3

Storage and Handling Conditions: Store within tightly-sealed containers in a dark, scisture-free place at temperatures of 8-15°C. After opening container, avoid exposing it to heat and humidity.

VII. SPILL CONTROL, WASTE THEATHGREE AND DISPOSAL SOURCES: CESA

Spill Control: Scoop up all spills and transfer to labeled containers.

Waste Treatment and Disposal: Recycle. Release small quantities to process drain with plenty of water.

VIII. REGULATIONS Sources: CESA

DOT: Not regulated

EPA: Not regulated

OSIA ·

Hazard Class: Flammable solid and health hazard (targets micros memoranes; potential nephrotoxin)

The information contained herein is, to the best of Hoffmann-La Roche's knowledge, complete and accurate. Roche, however, uses many sources and references for gathering this information. Thus, Roche cannot guarantee completeness or accuracy and disclaims all liability for its handling or use.

Material Safety Data Sheet May be used to comply with QSHA's person Communication Standard. 30 CFR 1610.1300. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements. ----

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This information is provided for documentation purposes only. This product is not considered hazardous.

Warmer-Jenkinson Company, inc. 2525 Baldwin Street & Louis, MO 62105 800/325-6710, etc. 7475

--- MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET---

DATE PREPARED: 1/86

REVISION DATE: Original

CHEMIST BUTTALS:

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT CODE & DESCRIPTION: No. 9801 FD&C Stue #1 Lake

TECHNICAL NAME: Not applicable.

SYNONYMS: Calar Addition

CLASSIFICATION CODE: Not hezardous.

PRODUCT CAS NOS. (NEW JERSEY COMPLIANCE): 15782-67-3 FDEC Blue #1 Lake

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (5)

None of the ingredients of this meterial most the definition of "Hezerticus Chemical", 29-CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

MELTING POINT (°C): Not applicable.

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Preside

FLASH POINT (METHOD): Not applicable.

% VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not applicable

pH (as is): Not applicable.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: A water traduble pigmers.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water, chemical form, or dry chemical extinguisher.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: None.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: None.

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Under normal storage and handling conditions, this is a stable material when kept in a closed container.

MATERIALS/CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WE not popule.

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

INGESTION: None OTHER EFFECTS: None

EYE CONTACT: None. SIGN CONTACT: None

INHALATION: None

SECTION VII - EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SIGN: No adverse effects. Wash skin with mild scup and water to remove researce opior. Some dyes may temporarily atain aidn.

INGESTION: If large quaraties are ingested, consult your physician.

INHALATION: This product is not classified as an initiant, however, dry powder dust may cause initiation in some inclviduate.

EYES: This product is not classified as an intent. If exposed, wear the eyes with large amounts of water, occasionally Sting the lower and upper lids; continue for 15 minutes. If imitation develops, seek medical attention.

SECTION VILL - PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYES: Eye protection is suggested for compliance with Good Manufacturing Practices. (GMP)

VENTILATION: This product can generate dust. Ventilation or dust collection would be helpful, but not necessary.

RESPIRATORY: No respiratory protection required, but dust masks are suggested.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: None required. To minimize clean-up, wear gloves when handling material.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Some dyes may temporarily smin skin. Use good personal hygiene practices; limb exposure to product whenever possible to minimize clean-up.

SECTION IX - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If dry shovel, vecuum, or sweep color up for disposal. If wat, surfaces exposed to a split may become alippery or sticky. Spills should be thoroughly flushed with scopy water until all apparent color is removed.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Sentery tentifit in accordance with Local, State and Federal regulations.

SECTION X-STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store in a tightly seeled container. See specification for other product characteristics.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PREPARED BY WARNER-JENGINSON COMPANY, INC., DIVISION OF UNIVERSAL FOODS CORPORATION

For additional information on this product, call (800) 824-7022, est. 7443 during normal business hours.

PORM: PD-01

PAGE 1 OF 6

PATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NOTICE:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct as of the date of issue. No guarantee or varranty of any kind, expressed or implied is made with respect to the information contained herein.

ELZURO RATINGS

HEALTH = 0 FLANGABILITY = 0

0 = Minimal

1 - Slight

2 - Moderate

3 - Serious

4 - Severe

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

COLORCON, A DIVISION OF RERVIND

PEARWACEUTICAL SERVICES

ADDRESS:

MOYER BLVD., WEST POINT, PA 19486

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

CEDETREC: 800/424-9300

PRODUCT CLASS:

FD&C Pigment

TRADE NAME:

PD&C BLUE NO. 2 Aluminum Lake

MANUFACTURER'S ID CODE:

5625

PODM: PD-01

PAGE 2 OF 6

SECTION II - INCREDIENT DATA

EXAMPLES COMPONENT: CAS: EXPOSURE LIMITS: (ACCIR) (OSEA)
The materials contained in this product are classified as non-hazardou in accordance with the definition set forth in 29 CFR 1910.1200.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW: FD&C Pigments N/A

Not Essardous

WENCES:

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE: Not applicable

EVAPORATION DATE (VS. BUTYL ACETATE)

Not Applicable

LIQUID DEMSITY: N/A

ODOR THRESHOLD: Oderless

PERCENT VOLATILE (W/W): N/A

FREEZING POINT: N/A

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE:

VAPOR DENSITY (VS. AIR): N/A

Not Applicable

APPEARANCE AND COOR:

Odorless FD&C BLUE NO. 2 powder.

PORC: PD-01

PAGE 3 OF 6

SECTION IV - FIRE/EXPLOSION DATA

FIRST POINT: Not flammable

FLANGABLE LINGTS - LEL: N/A

- UEL: N/A

RATE OF BUILDING: N/A

SEMESTRIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: See explosion basards

EXTENSUISHING MEDIA:

Water fog or spray, CO2, dry chemcial

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus operated in positive pressure mode and full turn-out gear.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION EAGARDS:

Excessive concentrations of air-borne dust may lead to an explosion hazard.

SECTION V - HEALTH ENZARDS

EFFECTS OF OVERESPOSURE:

May cause transient eye, nose and throat irritation.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eye Contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact: Wash with mild soep and water.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult,

administer oxygen.

As in all cases of overexposure, if irritation persists, seek medical attention.

ISSUZ DATZ: 4/1/92

PORK: 30-01

PAGE 4 OF 6

SECTION VI - TOXICITY DATA

CHROWIC EFFECTS: No specific data available

TARGET ORGANS: No specific data available

CARCINOGENITY:

XIP: No

INRC: No

OSEA: No

SECTION VII - REACTIVITY

PRODUCT STABILITY: Stable

COMDITIONS TO AVOID:

The expessive generation of dust.

BAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong exidizing materials.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

SECTION VIII - SPILL PROCEDURES

LARCE SPILLS:

Moisten slightly with water to avoid producing dust. Sweep or showel material into proper waste container. Do not sweep dry material, as this will produce dust concentrations in the air.

SWILL SPILLS:

Vaccum material or moisten slightly with water and place into proper waste container.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

This product is not hazardous waste under RCRA regulations. Consult State and Local regulations for proper waste disposal method.

FORK: PD-01

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SECTION IX - PROTECTION DATA

VENTILATION:

General air circulation, use local exhaust to collect excessive dust at point of generation. Dust collection systems should be provided with explosion venting. Discharge from ventilation systems should comply with all applicable air pellution regulations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A Miosh approved dust respirator if required.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

Gloves and overalls to protect from dust.

EYE PROTECTION:

Safety glasses and goggles. Contact lens should not be Worn When handling this product. Contacts may intensify any exposures.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

SECTION X - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

EANDLING AND STORAGE:

Store in a cool, dry area. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid handling procedures which suspends or accumulates dust. Avoid breathing dust.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Handle with due care and avoid excessive personal contact. Throughly clean all equipment, piping and vessels before beginning maintenance or repairs.

FORM: PD-01

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SECTION XI - RESULATORY

CLASSIFICATIONS: Not regulated.

SARA TITLE III (Community Right-to-know):

SECTION 311/312: Not regulated.

SECTION 313:

This product does not contain any chemicals listed in section 313 above de minimis levels.

TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT:
All materials contained in this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

STATE RIGHT-TO-ROW:

ISSUE [ATE: 06/06/33

Form: PD-02 Rev: 1

fage 1 o.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NOTICE: The information and recommendations :

HAZARD RATINGS

contained herein are based upon data: believed to be correct. However, no:

HEALTH FLAMMABILITY = 0

guarantee or warranty of any kind. : empressed or implied is made with : respect to the information contained:

REACTIVITY = 0

herein.

O=Minimal .

1=Slight

2=Moderate 3=Serious - 4=Severe

SECTION I

MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

Colorcon - A Division of Berwind Pharmaceutical Services, Inc.

ADDRESS: EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: Moyer Blud., West Point, Pa. 1948A 215-679-7788

PRODUCT CLASS:

TRADE NAME:

DLC Pigment

DEC YELLOW NO. 10

Lake

MANUFACTURER'S ID CODE:

6010

SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

The materials listed in this Data Sheet are classified as non-hazardous in accordance with the definition set furth in 27CFR 1910.1200. Ingredients contained in this product are not subject to SARA TITLE III requirements.

SECTION III PHYSICAL MATA

ROILING RANGE: N/A

: UAFOR DELISITY (US AIR): N/A

EVAFORATION RATE(VS RUTYL ACETATE)::

: PERCENT UGLATILE (U/W) = N/A

LIQUID DENSITY (US WATER):

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Odorless USC TELLOW NO. 10 powder.

issue DATE: Dargaras

Form: PO-02 Rev: 1

Fage 2 of

SECTION IV FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT: N/A

: FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Lel: N/A

Uel:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

: SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

C02

Dry Chemical Water Fog

: None.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXFLOSION MAZARUS: None.

SECTION V HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: None.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Inhalation

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

In case of accidential eye contact, flush eyes with water. If irritation exists, obtain medical attention.

> SECTION VI REACTIVITY DATA

PRODUCT STABILITY:

Stable

COMMITIONS TO AVOID: None known.

ISSUE DATE: 06/06/88

Form: FD-07 Rev: 1

Fage 3 of :

SECTION VII SFILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

PROCEDURE WHEN MATERIAL SPILLED OR RELEASED: Moisten slightly with water to reduce dust. Sweep up and discard into proper waste container.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulations.

SECTION VIII SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

VENTILATION: Sufficient to prevent inhalation of dust.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: An approved dust respirator should be worn.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Gloves and coveralls recommended to protect from dust.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety goggles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

SECTION IX SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

HANDLING AND STORING: Store in cool, dry area. Keep containers closed.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: In accord with good industrial practices, handle with due care and avoid personal contact. Wash emposed skin areas with soap and water.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product/Material

DEC Red #30 Al. Lake - 6530

Manufacturer/Distributor

Warner-Jenkinson Cosmetic Colors

Address

155 Helen Street

South Plainfield, NJ 07080

Emergency Telephone No.

(908) 757-4500

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Composition

DEC Red #30

Aluminum Hydrate

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

None.

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point (F)

Not applicable

Vapor Pressure (mmHg)

Not applicable

Vapor Density

Not applicable

Solubility in Water

Not soluble

Specific Gravity

Percent Volatile by Weight

0

Evaporation Rate

0

Appearance and Odor

Red odorless powder

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point

Non-flammable

Flammable limits

LEL-Not applicable UEL-Not applicable

Extinguishing Media

Water

Special Fire Fighting

None

Procedures

Unusual Fire and Explosion

None

Hazards

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Threshold limit values

5 mg/m3 respirable dust 10 mg/m3 Total dust(ACGIH)

Effects of overexposure

Overexposure may cause irritation of eyes and respiratory tract.

Emergency First Aid

Procedures

Eyes and skin-flush with water. Wash skin with soap & water.

Carcinogen No

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

Product is stable.

Incompatibility

Strong oxiding agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None

Hazardous polymerization will not

occur.

SECTION VII-SPILL OR LEAD PROCEDURES

Steps to take in case material is released or

spilled

Accidental releases can be cleaned up by sweeping, vacuuming or

flushing with water.

Waste Disposal

Dispose of material in compliance with Local, State and Federal Regulations. Discarded iron oxide is not classified as hazardous

waste.

SECTION VIII-SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Local exhaust recommended. Ventilation

Wrap around goggles. Eye Protection

Vinyl for personal hygiene. Gloves

For dusty conditions, wear a NIOSH Respiratory Protection

approved dust mask.

SECTION IX-SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Good industrial hygiene practice requires that employee exposure be maintained below the recommended level. This is preferably achieved through the provision of adequate ventilation where necessary. Where dust cannot be controlled, personal respiratory protection should be used.

10/92 ISSUED:

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PAGE: 01 of 07

AGUAZON

A Division of Bercules Incorporated

1313 North Market Street

P. C. Box 8740

Wilmington, Delaware 19899-8740

Phone 6: (302) 594-5000 (24 hzs)

KLUCIL® Hydroxypropyl cellulose (All grades and viscosities except KLUCZL® 3088)

MEDS No.: 623 1000 0000-05

Supersedes MSDS 4: 623 1000 0000-04

Date: 05/28/93

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

WARNING! STATIC CHARGES CENTRATED BY EMPTITING PACKAGE IN OR HEAR PLANNABLE

VAPORS HAY CAUSE FLASE FIRE.

HAT FORM FLANGUABLE DUST-AIR MIXTURES.

MAY CAUSE BYE IRRITATION.

SURFACES SUBJECT TO SPILLS OR DUSTING WITH THIS PRODUCT CAN BECOME

SLIPPERY WEEK WET.

KLUCKI. Bydroxypropyl cellulose

(All grades and viscosities

except KLUCFL: 3088)

CASRN: 9004-64-2

EMIS RATINGS: (1)

Bealth hazard:

1 Slight

Planmability hazard: 1

Slight

Reactivity hazard:

0 Minimal

CHEMICAL & COMMON NAMES: Hydroxypropyl cellulose (MPC)

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: White to off-white, granular solid: slight odor

. Trademark of Aqualon

(1)Explanation of acconyme:

EMIS: Razardous Materials Identification System rating for product as supplied.

CASRN: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

AIRA WITT: American Industrial Hygienists Association - Workplace

Environmental Exposure Level.

OSMA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

TLV: Registered trademark of American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Bygienists for Threshold Limit Values.

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit (See 29 CFR 1910.1048, March 1, 1989, revision)

C: Ceiling exposure concentration (See 29 CFR 1910.1000, March 1, 1989, rev.)

SKIH: May be absorbed through skin (See 29 CFR 1910.1048, March 1, 1989, rev.)

N/A: Not applicable

1

EXIARDODS INCREDIENTS & EXPOSURE LINITS II.

This material is not expected to cause physiologic impairment at low concentration. Until a specific TLV(1) is adopted by the ACGIE (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Bygienists), or an OSEA (Occupational Safety & Bealth Administration) standard is issued. Aqualon Group suggests that this material be treated as a MUISANCE DUST OR PARTICULATE in accordance with the recommendations of ACGIE.

III. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CAUTION: SURFACES SUBJECT TO SPILLS OR DUSTING WITH THIS PRODUCT CAR BECOME SLIPPERT WHEN WET.

BOILING POINT: N/A

SOCUBILITY IN WATER: Pasily wetted with water forming gels; Insoluble

above 45 C (113 F)

VAPOR PRESSURE AT 20 C: Negligible

VAPOR DEMSITY: N/A

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Beavier than

water

VOLATILE (WT. 1): 5

PE IN WATER SOLUTION: 5.0 to 8.5

SOFTENING POINT: 100-150 C (212-302 F) EVAPORATION RATE: N/A

FIRE, EXPLOSION, & REACTIVITY BAZARD DATA

WARNING! STATIC CHARGES GENERATED BY EMPTYING PACKAGE IN OR KEAR PLANNABLE VAPORS HAY CAUSE FLASE FIRE. MAY FORM PLANGUABLE DUST-AIR MIXTURES.

FLASE POINT: Not determined

FLANSIABLE LIMITS: Not determined

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 400 C (752 P) Dust

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, or halon

SPECIAL PIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: None

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION EASARDS: Nay form flammable dust-air mixtures.

STABILITY CONSIDERATIONS: Stable

MSDS No.: 623 1000 0000-05

Date: 05/28/93

PAGE: 03 of 07

IV. FIRE, EXPLOSION, & REACTIVITY BALARD DATA

...Continued

INCOMPATIBILITY WITE: None

BAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None

MAIARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and smoke

EAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

V. HEALTH BAZARD DATA

WARNING! MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE IN THE WORKPLACE:

TYPE: May cause mild eye irritation.

SKIN: None known.

INMALATION: Inhaling dust may cause respiratory irritation.

INCESTION: None known.

DIERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

EYES: In case of contact, immediately flush with plenty of low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses to ensure thorough flushing. Call a physician.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Treat any irritation symptomatically. Call a physician.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AS BEING AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Tollowing standard industrial hygiene and recommended procedures, entry of the compound into the body is not expected.

CANCER INFORMATION:

Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP (National Toxicology Program); not regulated as a carcinogen by OSHA (Occupational Safety & Bealth Administration); not evaluated by IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer).

REPORTED NUMAN EFFECTS:

None known.

REPORTED ANIMAL EPPECTS:

Minimal to mild eye (conjunctival) irritation after exposure to dust.

Date: 05/28/93

PAGE: 04 of 07

VI. SPILL PROCEDURES & WASTE DISPOSAL

SPILL PROCEDURES:

Sweep up spilled material for use or disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Incineration of combustible waste is the preferred disposal method. Landfilling in a licensed facility equipped with leachate collection in accordance with local, State, and Pederal regulations is a satisfactory alternative.

This product is biodegradable. Wastewater containing this product can be considered for treatment in an acclimated biological treatment system of adequate capacity.

Refer to Section VIII for specific Federal Environmental and Regulatory Data regarding use or disposal of this product.

VII. APPLICABLE CONTROL MEASURES

APPROPRIATE EYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Avoid breathing dust.

Wash thoroughly after handling, and before eating, drinking or smoking.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Safety glasses

Impervious gloves

Appropriate respiratory protection is required when exposure to an airborne contaminant is likely to exceed acceptable limits. Respirators should be selected and used in accordance with OSEA, Subpart I (29 CFR 1910.134) and manufacturer's recommendations.

WORK PRACTICES:

Eyevash fountains should be easily accessible. Reep floors clean. Spills can be slippery.

EANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

WARNING: STATIC CHARGES GEMERATED BY EMPTYING PACKAGE IN OR MEAR PLANMABLE VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASE FIRE. MAY FORM PLANMABLE DUST-AIR MIXTURES. Avoid ignition sources such as sparks and flame. Ground all equipment. In addition, when emptying bags where flammable vapors may be present, blanket vessel with inert gas, ground operator, and pour material slowly into conductive, grounded chute.

To protect product quality, store in sealed containers in a dry place away from heat and sunlight.

Date: 05/28/93

PAGE: 05 of 07

VII. APPLICABLE CONTROL MEASURES

...Continued

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Adequate ventilation should be provided to keep dust concentrations below acceptable exposure limits. Discharge from the ventilation system should comply with applicable air pollution control regulations.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES DURING REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE:

Eliminate ignition sources.

Completely isolate and thoroughly clean all equipment, piping or vessels before beginning maintenance or repairs.

Keep area clean. Product will burn.

VIII. ENVIRONGENTAL & RECULATORY DATA

The following environmental and regulatory data are provided to assist users of this product in defining their regulatory environmental compliance obligations.

A. PRODUCT COMPOSITION

PRODUCT (F) or COMPONDIT NO.

TRADE NAME OF CHERICAL CONFORMAT

CASEN

WT. PERCENT

7

KLUCEL* Eydroxypropyl cellulose

9004-64-2

94-100

R. SARA TITLE III (See footnotes)

COMPONENT NO.	SEC. 304 SES RQ (lbs)	SEC. 302 225 270 (lbs)	SEC. 311/312 EARAND CATEGORY	SEC. 313 TOXIC CHEMICAL (YES, NO)
•	H/A	W/A	1982, SC-3	NO.

C. CERCIA (40 CFR 302.4 BAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE & REPORTABLE QUANTITIES)

This product does NOT contain any hazardous substances listed in 40 CFR 302.4.

D. RCRA INFORMATION

This product is not listed in federal hazardous waste regulation 40 CFR 261.]], paragraph (e) or (f) - i.e., chemical products that are considered hazardous if they become wastes. It does not exhibit any of the hazardous characteristics listed in 40 CFR 261, Subpart C. State or local hazardous waste regulations may apply if they are different from the federal regulation.

E. TSCA STATUS

The components of this product are included on the EPA TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory.

Continued...

VIII. INVIRONGENTAL & RESULATORY DATA

...Continued

POOTHOTES:

SEC. 302 - Threshold Planning Quantity, Extremely Mazardous Substance (ERS) (40 CFR 395 Emergency Planning and Motification regulations)

M/A: This chemical is not an EMS. Therefore, there is no Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ).

SEC. 304 - Reportable Quantity for Releases of an EES (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)

N/A: This chemical is not an ZRS. Therefore, there is no Reportable Quantity (RQ).

SEC. 311/312 - 40 CFR 370 Eazardous Chemical Reporting Requirements "Mazard Categories"

MC-1 Immediate (acute) bealth hezard

MC-2 Delayed (chronic) health hazard

EC-J Fire basard

EC-4 Sudden release of pressure hazard

EC-5 Reactive bazard

NEEL Not a health bezard

NPH Not a physical hazard

SEC. 313 - 40 CFR 372 Toxic Chemical Release Reporting Requirements

NO: This component is NOT subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 Toxic Chemical Reporting requirements.

YZS: This component is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372 Toxic Chemical Reporting requirements. Percent composition (or estimated range) is listed above.

N/A: This product is a mixture. As such, it is not listed as a Toxic Chemical under 40 CFR 372. Section 313 reporting requirements. Reportable constituents are listed individually where they exceed threshold concentration limits.

ACUALON EAS COMPILED THE INTORNATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND TO REPRESENT THE MOST REASONABLE CURRENT OPINION ON THE SUBJECT WHEN THE MSDS WAS PREPARED. NO WARRANTY, GUARANTY OR REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE CORRECTNESS OR SUFFICIENCY OF THE INFORMATION. THE USER OF THIS PRODUCT MUST DECIDE WHAT SAFETY MEASURES ARE MECESSARY TO SAFELY USE THIS PRODUCT, ZITHER ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER PRODUCTS, AND DETERMINE ITS ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY COMPLIANCE OBLIGATIONS UNDER ANY APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE LAWS.

HY DRIX Y PRUPY METHY CELLULAGE 3919 LEG, 6 LPS

Pege 1 of 6

Section 1 - Identification of the substance and of the company

Substance : Hydroxypropyl Methylcallulese (As Indicated on Lebel)
Trade Name(a)

· Phermacoat

Grade

603=

645

506

606w 615

904

36199 45506 CSmetik 12-22-97

Henriacturer's News and Midress

* Ship-firm Chemical Co., Ltd.

• 6-1. Ohtenschi 2 Chome, Chiyoda-En. Tokyo 100. Japan. margamy Telephone Hunter

* 03-8246-5261 (Tokye Japan)

Telephone Ruster for information

* 03-3246-6281 (Takyo Japan)

Tate prepared : Sep I. 1994

Section 2 - Composition / information on impredients

* Component : Hydroxypropyl Hethylcallalane

• CLS Number : \$094-65-3 • TSCA Number : \$004-65-3

Section 3 - hearts identification

< Potential beaith effects >

Inhalation :

Short term effects : Breathing dust say irritate the respiratory tract. cause coughing

and disconfort.

Long term effects : No information is evallable.

Skin contact :

Short term effects : May cause slight skin irritation, but me significant adverse effects

'are more.

Long term effects : No information is available.

Eye contact :

Short term effects: May cause abrasive irritation.
Long term effects: No information is available.

Ingestion :

Short term effects : So information of any adverse effects is available.

Long term effects : No information is available.

4 Others 3

- " May form flammable or emplosive dest-air mixtures. (Minimum emplosive dust condition : 30g/m")
- ' May liberate the following gasses under fire conditions. East of them have an irritating odeur.

Carbon monoxide, Carbon diexide. Hethanol. Fernaldebyde, Jostaldebyde. Hethylformats. Methylacetate, Acetone, Acroleia

Section 4 - first all mesers

lebelation :

 Resove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. Give artifical respiration if not breathing. Ecop the victim were and at rest. Set immediate medical attention.
 Skin contact:

" Wash off is flowing water using a mild seen.

Eye contact :

" Gently rimse eyes immediately with clean water for at least 15 minutes occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion :

* No effect is expected.

jection 5 - Pire-fighting measures

Pire and emplosive properties :

- . Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- * Dust-sir mistures may ignite er emplede.

Suitable extinguishing media :

* Mater spray, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide or fees as appropriate for surrounding fire and saterials.

Basic fire-fighting guidence :

* Howe container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use extinguishing agents suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Special exposure hexards from combustion products :

 During a fire, toxic fuses and irritating odoer may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters :

- * Self-contained breathing equipment
- . presective clothing .

Section 6 - Accidental release seasures

- < In case of small spills >
 - * Sweep up, place is suitable container for waste disposal.
 - . If spillage is a viscous solution. flush it with pleaty of water.

- < in case of large spills >
 - * Near proper protective equipment, and keep unaccessary people away.
 - * Avaid raising dust and eliminate all sources of ignities and vestilate the area.
 - * Years or sweep up, is suitable container for waste dispensi.
 - . Do not week every late severs or vaterousraes.

Section 7 - leading and storage

Hardling:

- * Avoid breathing dust or mist with adequate dust control. The approved respirator in a .place of dust generation.
- * Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.
- * Avoid open flame, heat, sparks. Avoid contact to sold, parasides, and other exidizing materials.

Storage :

- * Store in a scaled container. Store is a cool and dry location. Keep away from heat or scalight. Keep away from possible source of ignition.
- * When storing, follow all regulations is regard to this substance in your country or region. Other processions:
 - · Avoid grinding, welding, drilling and smoking mear this substance.
 - * Avoid reuse of the empty container to other purpose.

Section 8 - impostre courses / personal protection

< Engineering controls >

Exposure limits :

. Not established

Vestilation :

- * Use with local emboust ventilation. Ventilation equipment abould be explosion-proof.
- * Halm sveilable energency shower and eye wash in the work area.
- < Personal pretoctive equipment (FFE) >

Respiratory protection :

Consider the type of application, environmental concentrations and enterials being used concurrently when determining respirator selection and use. The specific respirator selected must be approved by the institutions concerned in your country.

- * May doet and mist respirator
- * Any air-parifying respirator
- · Any powered air-parifying respiretor
- * May self-contained breathing apparetus.

Mand protection :

* Gloves (Bubbber type is recommended)

Lye protection :

. Safety regules (splesh-proof or dust-resistant type).

Stis protection :

. No precautions other thes close body-covering clothing should be seeded.

« Exposure gardelines »

"SRA PEL : Not established SIN TLY : Not established

Section 9 - Bysical and chanical properties

Appearlance and physical state : White to off-white. Elberous or granular powder.

edour : Practically.eduarless

Not applicable Boiling point / boiling range Not applicable Helting point / salting range Her applicable Flack paint Het emplimble Flormshility(solid . gas) Bet applicable

Emlesive properties No emplories hexard. But fine dust may create :

explosive sisteres with air. Oxidizing properties

: lone

Asbort heavets hot emiliable Asters questal Not emplicable Relative density Not applicable

Mater solubility Soluble is cald water and produce a viscous

solution or gel. Isseluble in het unter.

Solvent solubility Soluble in gineral acress acid. miline, pyridine.

discriptionsmide. equal volumes of alcohol and

chleretern.

Insoluble is embydrous alcohol. chlorufora and other

Section 10 - Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability:

* Stable under acreal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to svaid:

- " This material may burn but does not ignite readily.
- * Avoid contact with strong exidiners, excessive best, sparks, or open flame. Herefiels to sweld :
- * Acids. peroxides and other exidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products :

- * Thermal decomposition products may include taxic exides of earbon. Massrdows polymerization :
 - "It has not been reported to occur under normal temperatures and pressures.

Section 11 - Textological information

descripogenicity: This substance is not considerd to be a carcinogen by STP or CSEA in U.S.A or TARC, and other infernation is nome.

Hitoensici ty : He information is evallable.

Effects on the reproductive system : No information is swelleble.

< Mealth effects >

Inhalation :

Acute exposure - Dusts may couse irritation of the more and cheer disconfert.

Curenic esposure - No information is evallable. May cause damage of respiratory system. Skin contact :

Acute exposure - No information is evallable. Committe organice - No information is evallable.

AND DESIGN :

Acute exposure - May cause abresive irritation

Chromic exposure - No information is available.

Impostion :

Acute exposure - Very low acute eral tendedty. (2000 > 1g/Eg. ret-oral. aq.acla)

Large quantities may cause intestinal obstruction or stonech constriction.

Chronic exposure - Very low chronic oral texticity

Section 12 - Imaginal information

Riodegradability :

This meterial is a callulose other product. Callulose other products have generally slow biodegradation rats. The biochemical emygen desend (20020) for tested cellulose others is Lastocicity:

Cellulose other products are generally of low toxicity to fish.

Section 13 - Disposal information

< Recommended procedures >

Contents :

- * Burying on approved landfill.
- Incinerating under carefully controlled conditions.

Container :

· incressation

Moon disposing using the above procedures, check all regulations in regard to this substance's disposal in your country or region, and follow them.

Section 14 - Transport information

...llow all regulations in your country.

Section 15 - legalatory information

Shie-Etra Chemical Co. Ltd. is not able to check up the regulatory information in regard to this substance in your country or region. therefore, we request the investigation of this matter be taken as your responsibility.

* UK Number : Hepo

Section 16 - Other infernation

This materials safety data sheet is affered solely for your information, consideration and investigation. The data described in this MSDS consist of data on literature, our acquisitional data and analogical informace by data of similar chanical substances or products. Shir-Eisu Chanical Co., Ltd. provides no varranties, either supress or implied, and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained hereis. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sale responsibility of the user.

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Section III — Physics	s/Chemical Che	recteristics				
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Mark Thomas Andrews

Material Safety Data Sheet

Iffective Date: 11/21/85

Hallinekredt, Inc. P.O. Bez 5439 St. Leuis, No. 63147

Emergency Telephone Rumber 314-982-5000

Supercades

: 02/13/85

Product Identification:

Synenyms: Steerie seid, magnesium selt; ocadesaneie acid, magnesium selt

Chemical Fermula: Mg(ClaH3502)2

Formula CAS No.: 557-04-0

Melecular Weight: 591.2 (pure)

Meserdous Ingredients: Magnesium Steerate.

The exact product composition depends on purity of the fallow used.

PERCAUTIONARY NEASURES

CAUTION MAY FORM COMBUSTIBLE DUST CONCENTRATIONS IN AIR.

Store in a tightly closed container.

Avoid dust aloud in presence of an ignition source.

Vash theroughly after handling.

As part of good industrial and personal hygiens and safety precedure, avoid all unnecessary exposure to the chemical substance and ensure prompt removal from skin, ey and clothing.

ENTROPHICY/FIRST AID

SEE SECTION 5.

DOT Hezard Class:

Not Regulated

Physical Data

SECTION 1

Appearance:

Pine white to yellow-white powder.

Odor:

Slight eder of fatty acid.

Solubility:

Insoluble in water, ether; soluble in hot alcohol.

Boiling Point:

No information found.

Melting Point:

150-170°C (302-338°F)

Specific Gravity:

1.03

Vapor Density (Air-1): Not applicable. Vapor Pressure (mm Rg):Not applicable. Evaporation Rate: Not applicable.

Fire and Prolesion

SECTION 2

TIRE:

Minimum dust aloud ignition temperature:

Implesion:

Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient consentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Maximum explosion procesure: 68 lb./sq. in. at 0.1 cumess per cubic feet.

Fire Latinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol form, or carbon dioxide. Water or form may cause frothing.

Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective electhing and HIOSN-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiace operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Pressure from the extinguishing media may cause severe dusting. Helted latty acid can give "grease" type fire.

Reactivity Date

SECTION 1

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and sterage.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Burning may produce carbon monoxide and magnesium exide.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Vill not seems.

Incompatabilities:

Acids which break up the salts.

Leak/Spill Disposal Information SECTION 4

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Clean-up personnel as: require protection from inhelation of dust. Spills: Clean up spills in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up spill for recovery or disposal and place in a closed container. Disposal: Whatever cannot be saved for recovery may be burned in an approved incinerator or disposed in an approved veste.

Ensure compliance with local, state and federal regulations.

Health Mezerd Information

SECTION S

Progure/Sealth Pffects

Inhalation:

Symptoms from excessive inhalation of dust may include coughing and difficult breathing.

Ingestion:

Low level of texicity by ingestion.

Skin contect:

He information found. Not expected to be a hazard.

Lys contact:

May cause mechanical irritation.

Chronic Expense:

Greesly excessive and chronic inhelation of the dust may eause a progressive chemical preumonitis.

Aggravation of Pro-existing Conditions:

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, impaired respiratory function, or a history of pulmonary disease should not be exposed to dusts.

FIRST AID

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.

Ingestion:

Give several glasses of water to drink to dilute. If large amounts were swallowed, get medical advice.

Skin contact:

Wash exposed area with seep and water. Get medical advice if irritation develops.

Eye contact:

Wash theroughly with running water. Get medical advice if irritation develops.

C. TOXICITY DATA

(RIECS. 1982)

No LD50/LC50 information found relating to normal routes of occupational exposure.

Decimational Control Measures

SECTION 6

Airberne Especure Limits:

-ACCIN Threshold limit Value (TLV): 10 mg/m of total dust.

Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee expensive below the Airberne Expensive Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the conteminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACCH document, "Industrial Ventilation, Hammal of Recommended Fractices", most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators: (NIOSH Approved)

If the TLV is exceeded, a dust/mist respirator may be wern up to ten times the TLV. Gensult respirator supplier for details.

Skin Protection:

Cloves and lab coat, apres or coveralls.

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety geggles. Contact lenses should not be were when working with this material. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drameh facilities in work area

Storage and Special Information

SECTION 7

Avoid dust dispersal.

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Separate from incompatibilities.

The information contained herein is provided in good faith and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. However, Hallingtradt, Inc. makes no representation as to the comprehensiveness or accuracy of the information. It is expected that individuals receiving the information will exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. Accordingly, Mallingkrodt, Inc. will not be responsible for damages of any kind resulting from the was of or reliance upon such information. NO REPRESENTATIONS, OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILLITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE HADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR TO THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.

Addendum to Material Safety Data Sheet PROUNTION STATUS

Hazard Catagories for SABA Section 311/312 Reporting

Acute	Chronic	Pire I	Pressure	Resctive
Products or Components of Product:	Sec.103	261.33	SARA ZHS Sec. 302 RQ TPQ	SARA 313 Chemicals Name Chamical List Category
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (557-04-0)	No	Ne .	No No	Ne No

SARA Section 302 EHS RO: Reportable Quantity of Extremely Hazardous Substance, listed at 40 CFR 355.

SARA Section 302 ERS TRQ: Threshold Flamming Quantity of Extremely Hazardous Substance. An asterick (*) following a Threshold Flamming Quantity signifies that if the material is a solid and has a particle size equal to or larger than 100 micrometers, the Threshold Flamming Quantity = 10,000 LBS.

SARA Section 313 Chemicals: Toxic Substances subject to annual release reporting requirements listed at 40 CFR 372.65.

CYRCIA Sec. 103: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (Superfund). Releases to Air, land or vater of these hazardous substances which exceed the Reportabl. Quantity (RG) must be reported to the Matienal Response Center, (800-426-8802); Listed at 40 CFR 302.6

RCPA: Resource Conservation and Reclamation Act. Commercial chemical product wastes designated as acute bazards and texic under 40 CFR 261.33

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FORM: EX-01

Code # 68511 PAGE 1 OF 6 Z

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NOTICE:

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct as of the date of issue. No guarantee or varranty of any kind, expressed or implied is made with respect to the information contained herein.

HAZARD RATINGS

HEALTH FLAMMABILITY = 0

REACTIVITY

0 - Minimal

1 = Slight

2 - Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER'S NAME:

COLORCON, A DIVISION OF BERWIND

PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES

ADDRESS:

MOYER BLVD., WEST POINT, PA 19486

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

CHEMTREC: 800/424-9300

PRODUCT CLASS:

Pharmaceutical Excipient

TRADE NAME:

STARCH 1500

MANUFACTURER'S ID CODE:

2001

FORM: EX-01

PAGE 2 OF 6

SECTION II - INGREDIENT DATA

HAZARDOUS COMPONENT:

CAS:

EXPOSURE LIMITS: (ACGIH) (OSHA) 5-8 10 MG/M3 15 MG/M3*

9005-25-8

• (PEL is for nuisance dusts)

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

Starch

Starch

9005-25-8

10 MG/M3 15 MG/M3*

WHMIS:

None - This product is not a controlled substance under the Canadian workplace hazardous materials information system.

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE: N/A

EVAPORATION RATE (VS. BUTYL ACETATE)

LIQUID DENSITY: N/A

ODOR THRESHOLD: N/A

VAPOR DENSITY (VS. AIR): N/Å

PERCENT VOLATILE (W/W): 0

FREEZING POINT: N/A

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE: N/A

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Dry, odorless, white powder.

FORM: EX-01

PAGE 3 OF 6

SECTION IV - FIRE/EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT: N/A

FLANCIABLE LIMITS - LEL: N/A

- VEL: N/A

RATE OF BURNING: N/A

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC

DISCHARGE: Yes

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus operated in positive pressure mode.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Product dust may form an explosive mixture with air. Avoid conditions which produce dust.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARDS

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: May produce transitional irritaion to eyes, nose and throat.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air.

FORM: EX-01

PAGE 4 OF 6

SECTION VI - TOXICITY DATA

CHRONIC EFFECTS: None identified.

TARGET ORGANS: Eyes, skin

CARCINOGENITY:

NTP: No

IARC: No

OSKA: No

SECTION VII - REACTIVITY

PRODUCT STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Caution should be taken to avoid the production of dust, since finely divided particles in a suspended state may form explosive mixtures with proper air proportions and source of ignition.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

SECTION VIII - SPILL PROCEDURES

LARGE SPILLS:

Moisten slightly with water to avoid producing dust. Sweep or shovel moistened material into proper waste container. Do not sweep dry material, as this will produce dust concentrations in the air.

SMALL SPILLS:

Vacuum material or moisten slightly with water and place into proper waste container.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

This product is not a hazardous waste under RCRA regulations.

Consult State and Local regulations for proper waste disposal method.

FORM: EX-01 PAGE 5 OF 6 ISSUE DATE: 1/17/92 SECTION IX - PROTECTION DATA VENTILATION: Use general or local exhaust to meet TLV requirements. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: An approved dust respirator if airborne concentrations exceed TLV. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Not required EYE PROTECTION: Safety goggles OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Proper gloves SECTION X - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS HANDLING AND STORAGE: Avoid handling procedures which product dust. Keep containers tightly closed.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

None

FORM: EX-01

PAGE 6 OF 6

SECTION XI - REGULATORY

CLASSIFICATIONS:

N/A

SARA TITLE III (Community Right-to-know):

SECTION 311/312:

This product is categorized as an immediate and delayed health hazard.

SECTION 313:

This product does not contain any chemicals listed in section 313 above de minimis levels.

TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT:

All materials contained in this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

N/A



WHITTAKER, CLARK & DANIELS, INC.

MATERIAL SAFETY BASA SHEET

PRINCIPALITALI TITARINI SINCINC

MANUFACTURES/DESTREMENTAL MESTRAGE, GLANG & MARRIES, DIC.

MANUAL STREET

MINTE PLANTING, M.L. STORE

TELEVANE MORE:

(906)661-6166

SECTION I - PRODUCT INCITATION

TRACE MARE COURSEL MAS DIRECT FORCEA CAS MARKE HES MITTER

TATALLINE MARRIED

FLATONETILETT

SECTION 21 - CONCESTION

· TITAKING STORLOG

MA POL: 35 ma/m² (Total) 6 major (Accept reales)

ACEDI TUTI 10 MAN [Total-TOU S male? (Samplingle)

SECTION III - MAZARES INCHTIFICATION

DIDEDICT OVERYIDE

NO WHERMAL FIRST STEEL INCOME. LOW MEANING BLOCK BY DROLLATION.

WITT, COCKLESS PROCES

POTENTIAL MEALTH EFFECTS

EVER - MAY CAMES PERDMETCAL INSTRUCTION.

200 - AUG

DIMELATION - LOW MEALING EXTER BY IMPLIATION. THEAT AS A MULLINICE MIST.

MAL 19- CHEATER THAN 7,500 mg/kg (MATS)

EFFECTS OF OVERESTORISE:

AGITE - ELFERAGE PRY EMETATE THE THIRST AND ALL PASSAGE, SHIETDIES CAUGHS GRINN AND FALSH. CHRICK - METCATED MEMY EXPERIES MY CAME MEMORITIS, MY CRIME AND PRESEL IF EXPERIES

CHITCHES, DYNYSON PAT SCYCLOP. LISE SCARCES MY ALSO REPORT.

CARCINOSDUCTY: MOT LISTED WITH MIT, IANC DE COMA AS A MICHA DE SEPTETED CARCINOSDI.

SECTION IV - FIRST AID REASONS

CYCL: PLANS BYTS WITH PLENTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 16 SUBSTITES. CONSELT A PROSECULAR SF EMPLICATION PROSESTS. SERIE MAN WITH SIMP AND WATER PAR AT LEAST IS REMATED. COMMAND A PRINCIPAL OF IMPLICATION PRINCIPAL.

INVLATION: ADDRESS TO PREDICALE. IF RELATIONS IS LABORD OR STOPPED, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. GET INVENIANTE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

. DELETTION: IT SMILLEND, BILLITE WITH LANG MODELS OF WATER. NO SET DELET VOCTURE. COMMENT A PATRICIAN INVESTMENTAL.

SECTION V - FIRE FRONTING HEADERS

FLANNELL PROPERTIES: SER-PLANNELL

Textured Services Department . Will Compa Love . Love Parts - A740-400 · 1400 70-440 · MC1400 40-



WHITTAKER, CLARK & DANIELS, INC.

MANUE COLORS, COMMAND

FLANGEL LINTS - BUT APPLICABLE

ANTO-CONTINUE TRAPPLATURE - BUT APPLICABLE

MALABORIS CONSISTENT PRODUCTS. BUTE

COTTONICIONES CONSISTENT PRODUCTS. BUTE

COTTONICIONES CONTINUES AND SERVICIONES AND APPLICABLE TO SERVICIONES FIRE.

FIRE FRONTING SUSTEMENTANIA: FIRE FRONTING SCHOOL WAS SERVE APPRICADED. PROSENCE, SELF-CONTAINED SELATIONS APPLICABLES

AND FILL PROTECTIVE CLUSTERS WICH APPRICADEL. TRUST AND SERVICED IN FIRE.

STETTICE VI . ACCIDIONAL BELEASE MEASURES

SALL/LASE STILL CLEM IF YOUR BET PROCESSES: MESS METTING.

SECTION VII - HANDLING AND STORAGE

NAMELINE: 8009 DESISTIAL INVESTE PRACTICE SEGULARS THAT SPENYEE COVERED BY HADITARIES BELOW TLY. THIS IS PREFERANCY
ACCURATE TRANSPORT THE PROVISION OF ASSUMPT VEHTLATION WHERE REFERENCE, MAKEN SUST CAME SECURITARIES IN
THIS WAY, PRINCIPLE SERVINGERY PRINCIPLES MAKEN AS REPLETED.

STORAGE: STORE IN A SET AREA AT AMERICAT TRAVENTIME.

SECTION VIII - EDVORME CONTROLS

DEDICTING CONTROLS: MET WITH ADDREST VANTILATION TO MET EXPONET LIGHTS LISTED IN SECTION II.

SESPERATORY PROTECTION: MINE

SELEN PROTECTION: MINE

EVE PROTECTION: MANE

EVER PROTECTION:

SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHRISCAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: MAITE PROGRA MOILING POINT: 4529 97 VAPOR PRINCHES: MET APPLICABLE VAPOR ROUSITY: MET APPLICABLE SOLUMILITY DE VATER: IMPOUNTLE

SOLISILITY IN WATER: IMBURLE: SOLIGIE IN CONCENTRATES BRANCHE ACTS.

SPECIFIC GASTITI 3.7 - 4.2

MI MT SCIPHUID

0000t: MONE

GOOR THRESHOLD: NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION I - STABILITY AND MEACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NORE
DECOMPATIBILITY: MORE
MALARDOUS SECONMENTED PRODUCTS: MORE
MALARDOUS POLYMENIZATION: MORE

SECTION II - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LOSS MAL (ALT): CELATER THE 7,500 M/Mp.

SECTION III - CENLISICAL INFORMATION

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WHITTAKER, CLARK & DANIELS, INC.

CONTRACT COLUMN COMMENS

SECTION 1111 - SINCEAL COMMISSIONS

COLLECT IN CHICAGO, MAS, OR COVERS MAPSTER SERVE. IF ASSET OF RESTRICTED IS NOT PROSECULL, MATERIAL MAY SE SISPOSED OF AT A CHICAGOS WATER EMPORE. MET PROSECULT SERVICED.

SECTION 217 - TOMOPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. SET: SET MESSATED - SETEL THE PROPER PRESENT GLASSFFERSTEEN ON THE SECURISE PARTMENS, "WAS RESELL", AND "PRODUCT AND" PART SUPPLIES PROPERLY.
COMMAND THE MAJORS CLASS & PIR: SET MESSATED.

SECTION IN - MANAGEMENT INVENTAGE

THE STATES: COMPONENTS OF THESE PROPERTY AND LISTED ON THE THEA DAVENTHESS.
CENTER REPORTABLE COMPONENT: MORE
SAMA TITLE III

SECTION 211/212 WEAROUS CATAGORIES: MONE SECTION 213 TORIS CHOROCLE: MONE

DITEMATIONAL MINALITHE:

CAMBLAS SEL - COPPOSITIO AND LISTED.

CAMBLAS MAGES - TRUS SETTEMAL IS A CONTROLLED SECURITARIES WHICH WASH.

DAMPEAN COMMITTY - LISTED ON SERVEY, THE BROWNERS COME SIMPLESS.

SECTION DIT - STAGE DIFFAMATION

THE EMPERATION HEREIN IS GIVEN IN SOME PAITH AS AUTHORITATIVE AND VALUE; MEMOVEL HE WARRANTY, EMPEZZIO OR EMPLIES, CAR BE ANNEL.

15310): 2/M SPOCING: 11/M

ABITEC Corporation

P.O. Box San CONTINUE, ONG 43276-0500 14-200-3131

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHE

SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION & EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Trade Name:

Sterotex K

Isme Date:

3 September 1992

Chemical Name:

Hydrogenmed Soybean and Castor Oils

Chemical Family.

Triglyceride

CAS No.: Composition

8016-70-4" & 8001-78-3*

Chycerin Essers of C14 - C22 Fatty Acids and Castor Oils

Formule:

Refined, bleached, partially bydrogenated, filtered and deodorized

soybean and castor oils.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

ABITEC Corporation (Ohio) ABITEC Corporation (Wisconsin)

800-848-1340

608-752-9007

SEC. 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT & OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

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CASNO

Exposure Limits

None

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Threshold Limit Value

Unknown

Effects of Overexposure

None known to ABITEC Corporation

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Wash with soap and water.

E)res

Phish with low pressure water.

Ingestion

Food grade product.

Inhalation

Vegetable oil mists are classified as maisonce particulates by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists (no bealth effects reported).

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID

On Skin Wash with scap and warm water.

In Eyes Flush with low pressure water.

Ingested If gastrointeninal discomfort is encountered, contact a physician.

Inhaled Move victim to fresh air.

SECTION 5: PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory

In the presence of vegetable oil mists or dusts, the use of a NIOSE/OSEA approved mask and/or respirator is recommended.

Ventilation

Local, if necessary, to control dust or filmes from hot material.

Eyes

Goggles for hot oil.

Hands

Other Protective Equipment

Rubber boots and apron for hot oil.

SECTION 6: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS

Precontions to be taken in handling and storing

At times, oil souked materials may spontaneously combust. Do not allow absorptive materials to accumulate in closed conditions when exposed to air. Follow good housekeeping methods.

Comments

Vegetable oil mists are classified as missance particulates by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. No health effects reported.

SECTION 7: PHYSICAL DATA

Holling Point	>200 ok	Vapor Pressure	< 1 mm Hg
Vapor Density	Not Determined (Air = 1)	Evaporation Rate	NII (N-Butyl Accepte— .
Specific Gravity	approx. 0.9 @ 100°F (Water = 1)	Melting Point	Not Determined
Sobibility	Insclubie	Viscosity	Not Determined
Percent Volatiles	N		
Appearance & Odor	White powder at room point.	a temperature; light ye	llow oil shove melting

SECTION 8: REACTIVITY DATA

Seability	Stable	Stable Incompatibility/ Materials to avoid		
Conditions to evoid	High temperatures a	agents.		
Henordous Polymerization	Not likely to occur	Hanardons Decomposition	None	

SECTION 9: FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point	>3000£ COC	C-AOCS Flammable Limits	No data available.		
LFI	NA	UFI	N/A		
Exinguishing Medi	a	Foams, carbon dioxide, iner	t powder.		
Special Fire Fighting Procedure		Treat as fat or oil fire. Do not use heavy stream of water. Fatty material will float and splatter surrounding area.			
Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazard		Avoid use of water in exting mists may be hazardous. At may spontaneously ignite whatemperatures near flash point	times, oil sosked rags sen exposed to air. High		

SECTION 10: SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Stop spill at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading. Pump liquid to salvage tenic Absorb liquid on solid absorbent material and shovel into comminers. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Wash floors with detergent and rinse with hor water to prevent alipping.

SECTION 11: WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Incineration is the recommended disposal method for all chemical wastes. Material collected on absorbent material may be land-filled in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION 12: OTHER INFORMATION

This product (or components, if a mixture) has not been found to be a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC; is not listed in the NTP Third Annual Report, nor is it regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen.

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered by the company in good faith to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, the company cannot make any warranty or representation respecting the accuracy or completeness of the data and assumes no responsibility for any liability or damages relating thereto or for advising you regarding the protection of your employees, customers, or others. Users should make their own tests to determine the applicability of such information or suitability of any products for specific use.